KONDOTEC REPORT

(Year Ended March 31, 2022)

Message

The KONDOTEC Group has been providing products and merchandise to customers in a wide range of fields and aiming to realize "safe and secure societies" by contributing to development of the social infrastructure for more than half a century since its establishment in 1953 to carry out its responsibilities as a corporation based on the corporate philosophy – "We strive to contribute to the creation of an affluent society by nurturing our employees, who would shape the future, and by conducting corporate activities with innovative and pioneering way."

This report was designed in order to have more stakeholders gain a better understanding of our businesses and initiatives that have become

diversified as we have accumulated history. For that purpose, we have made various efforts to disseminate our business model, materiality and sustainability initiatives in an easy to understand way by referencing the International Integrated Reporting Framework while also considering SDGs based on an understanding that management that takes social sustainability into account will lead to the long-term growth of the Company.

Looking ahead, we will continue to work together as a Group in realizing a sustainable society as a Company that continues to be relied upon in this Age of Change. We greatly appreciate your continued understanding and support.



Forward

Ever since its establishment, the KONDOTEC Group has been committed to carrying out its business activities in line with the times by updating the lineup of products and merchandise handled while constantly responding to the changing times. On the other hand, in 2021 the importance of initiatives for achieving a sustainable society has increased even more as Japan's Corporate Governance Code was revised to include TCFD disclosure. We have also taken various initiatives for growth of us in consideration of ESG perspective. This is a report that has once again

compiled such our businesses and initiatives. In January 2021 we established the SDGs Promotion Department to more actively pursue SDG targets in promoting ESG management. This Integrated Report provides an overview of the Group's efforts to go forward to further increase corporate value, including our SDG-related initiatives.

Through the report, we sincerely hope that more stakeholders will understand our Group.

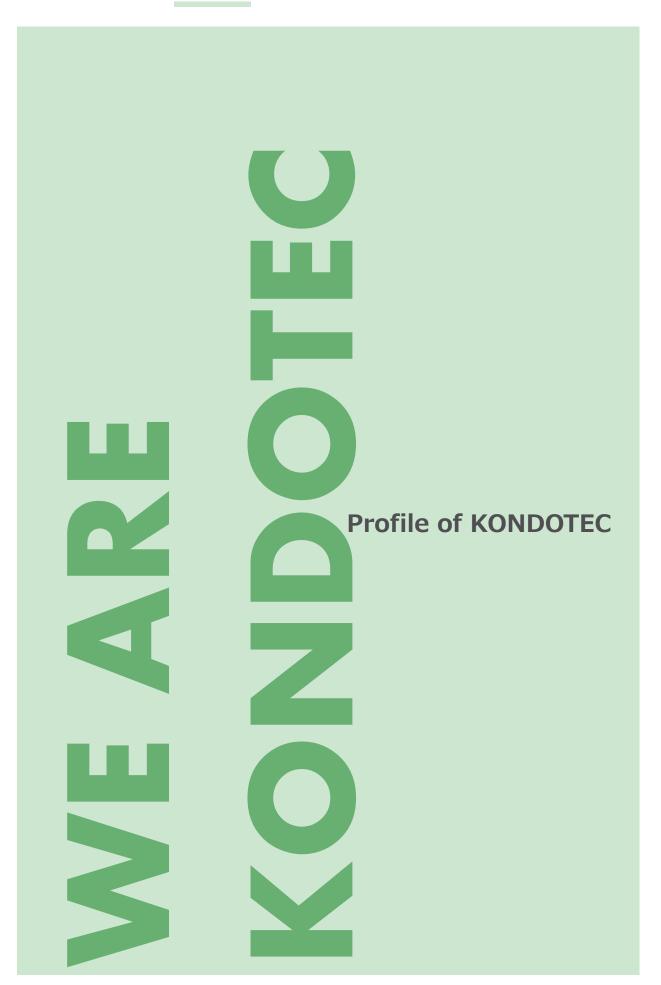
Tomoya Ando,
Executive Adviser and Director

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KONDOTEC INC.

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Company Overview

The KONDOTEC Group is a manufacturer and wholesale company that maintains in-house factories and handles approximately 50,000 or more products and merchandise.

Ever since its establishment, KONDOTEC has been providing a wide range of basic materials

that support infrastructures essential for social activities by responding to the needs of customers and expanding products and merchandise handled. By so doing, we have been supporting the establishment of an affluent society.

Company name	KONDOTEC INC.			
Group companies	Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND) CO.,LTD. CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. TECBUILD CO., LTD. TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. FUKOKU, Ltd. KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. (As of March 31, 2022)			
Established	January 1953			
President and Representative Director	Katsuhiko Kondo			
Head office	2-2-90 Sakaigawa, Nishi-ku, Osaka 550-0024 Japan			
neau office	Tokyo Headquarters: 1-9-3 Minami Suna, Koto-ku, Tokyo			
Number of Employees	Consolidated:1,215 Non-consolidated:733 (As of March 31, 2022)			
Capital stock	2,666 million yen (As of March 31, 2022)			
Listed stock market	Tokyo Stock Exchange (Prime Market) Securities code:7438			
Business areas	 Manufacturing, procurement, sale and rental of industrial materials primarily in the retail hardware business Manufacturing, procurement and sale of structural steel materials mainly for steel fabricators Procurement and sale of electrical equipment for electrical work operators and electrical appliance stores 			
Major items handled	 Products (in-house manufactured products) Turn buckles, braces, scaffolding chains, screws, anchor bolts, construction materials, machinery and equipment, etc. Merchandise (products procured from domestic and foreign suppliers/OEM products) Hardware, chains, wire ropes, screws, construction materials, lighting equipment, panel boards, air-conditioning equipment, eco items, etc. 			
Network	KONDOTEC INC. 47 operating sites Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. 14 operating sites KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND) CO.,LTD. CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. 2 operating sites Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. TECBUILD CO., LTD. 17 operating sites TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. 14 operating sites FUKOKU, Ltd. 5 operating sites KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. 2 operating sites (As of March 31, 2022)			
Factories	Consolidated:6 Non-consolidated:4			

History

75 Years of the Company's History

- Challenge for Value Creation -

The company has been striving to meet the needs of customers since our founding. KONDOTEC has been able to grow as a manufacturer and wholesale company precisely because the company has continued to challenge and create to meet the needs of customers, and because of the support from stakeholders. We will continue to challenge and create facing various issues in order to contribute to the development of society going forward.

2022 [Consolidated]

66,139 million yen Net sales

Network **103** operating sites

Number of

1,215 members **Employees**



1947 > 1972

Established and Gaining ground in Tokyo, "shifting from sea to land", **Kyushu Factory Opened**

The Company started business from the ashes of the war, entered into Tokyo, developed large-scale production systems by opening the Kyushu Factory, expansion operating sites, and thus strengthened its business base.

1947	Founded Kondo Shoten in Izuo, Taisho-ku,
	Osaka

1953 Established Kondo Shoten Co., Ltd.

1955 Changed the company name to KONDO IRON WORKS CO., LTD.

1956 Began production of shackles.

1962 Began production of turn buckles.

1965 Began sale of wire ropes.

1966 Opened Kyushu Factory.

1967 Began production of scaffolding chains.

From the expansion across Japan and completion of the head office building to the next stage

The Company tackled quality improvement at factories while completing the head office building and expanding merchandise from metal construction materials to overall industrial materials. It expanded customers with the establishment of the New Business Division as a direct sales department.

- 1973 Began manufacturing and sale of hardware and screws for civil engineering and construction use.
- 1974 Relocated the head office to Sakaigawa, Nishi-ku, Osaka.
- Body of turnbuckle for building was accredited as JIS No. 1 Established the New Business Division (currently Structural Steel Sales Division).



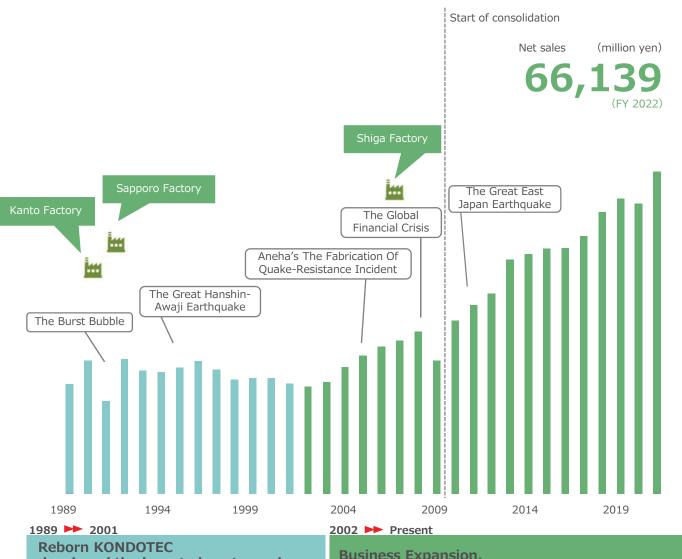








Wire ropes



Reborn KONDOTEC developed the base to leap toward a stock listing

The Company made a fresh start by changing the company name in preparation for the Heisei era. Following the development of the product supply system by establishing factories in Ibaraki and Hokkaido, it changed the internal system for the listing. The Company busily tackled emergencies caused by the Great Hanshin-Awaji Earthquake. Merchandise saw further increases in responding to the needs.

1989	Changed the company name to
	KONDOTEC INC.

1991 Opened Kanto Factory.

1992 Opened Sapporo Factory.

1995 Listed on the Second Section of the Osaka Stock Exchange.

1999 Listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. Opened Kanto Logistics Center.

2000 Started our website.

2001 Started Product Catalogs.

Business Expansion, Entering a new stage by M&A

2003 Opened Homecenter Division. (currently Homecenter Group)

2004 Implemented Yantai Distribution Warehouse based on a contract concluded with a Chinese logistics trading company.

2005 Entered into an agency contract with pewag in Austria.

2007 Opened Shiga Factory.

2010 Acquired shares of Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. to make the company a consolidated subsidiary.

2011 Designated as the First Section stock by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

2014 Turned KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND)
CO., LTD. into a consolidated subsidiary.
Acquired shares of CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. to make the company a consolidated subsidiary.
Introduced the shareholder incentive plan.

2017 Opened E-commerce Group

2019 Purchased the business from Mechatro Engineering Co., Ltd. Acquired shares of TECBUILD CO., LTD. to make the

company a consolidated subsidiary.
 Acquired shares of TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. to make the company a consolidated subsidiary.

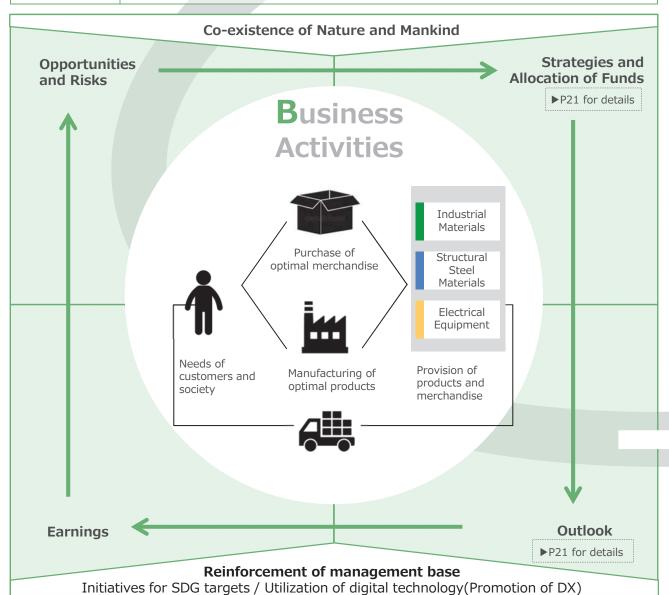
2021 Acquired shares of FUKOKU, Ltd. to make the company a consolidated subsidiary.
Established Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. Acquired shares of KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. to make the company a consolidated subsidiary.

2022 Shifted to he new Prime Market from the First Section under the previous Tokyo Stock Exchange structure.

Value Creation Process

Input

F inancial capital	Total cash and deposits: 10,164 million yen (FY 2022)		
M anufacturing capital	Number of domestic production factories: 6 place (KONDOTEC INC., CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd., KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.) Increase in non-current assets for replacement of production facilities in the manufacturing division: 608 million yen (FY 2022)		
Intellectual capital	:Utilizing image processing technologies which purchasing business Design and manufacturing technology to automation machine of CHUOH GIKEN Co., L Employees: 1,215 people (consolidated)		
Human capital			
Social capital Natural capital Natural capital Natural capital Natural capital			



Impact

Realization of safe and secure society



Corporate Philosophy

We strive to contribute to the creation of an affluent society by nurturing our employees, who would shape the future, and by conducting corporate activities with innovative and pioneering way.

Output

Output				
Relevant Sector	Products and Merchandise, Service, Initiative			
	OWidely provides infrastructure- related materials required for social activities			
Industrial Materials	OTransactions with not only construction-related industry but also various industries			
► P13 for details	OExpansion of the handling of environment-related merchandise			
Structural	OProvides LED/solar power related merchandise			
Steel Materials P15 for details	OOperating site opening plan according to the needs communities			
Electrical	OSelects locations for operating site to enable co-existence with local communities			
Equipment ► P17 for details	OInventories in warehouses of each operating site for quick delivery of necessary materials at the time of disasters			
_	OAcquisition of ISO14001			
**	OLabor and manpower saving efforts through collaborative creation with Group companies			
Manufacturing division ▶ P19 for details	OProcurement and provision of high-value-added products, merchandise and services			
	OMeeting on complaints, information sharing			
	OEnhancement of catalogues			
	OEmployee education			
Headquarters	OSafety measures for employees			
	OPromotion of utilization of digital technology (Promotion of DX)			

Outcome

Values KONDOTEC provides to society

Co-existence and development with local communities

Recovery/reconstruction of disaster-stricken areas

Contribution to the environment

Improvement in customer satisfaction

SDGs mainly related to our businesses



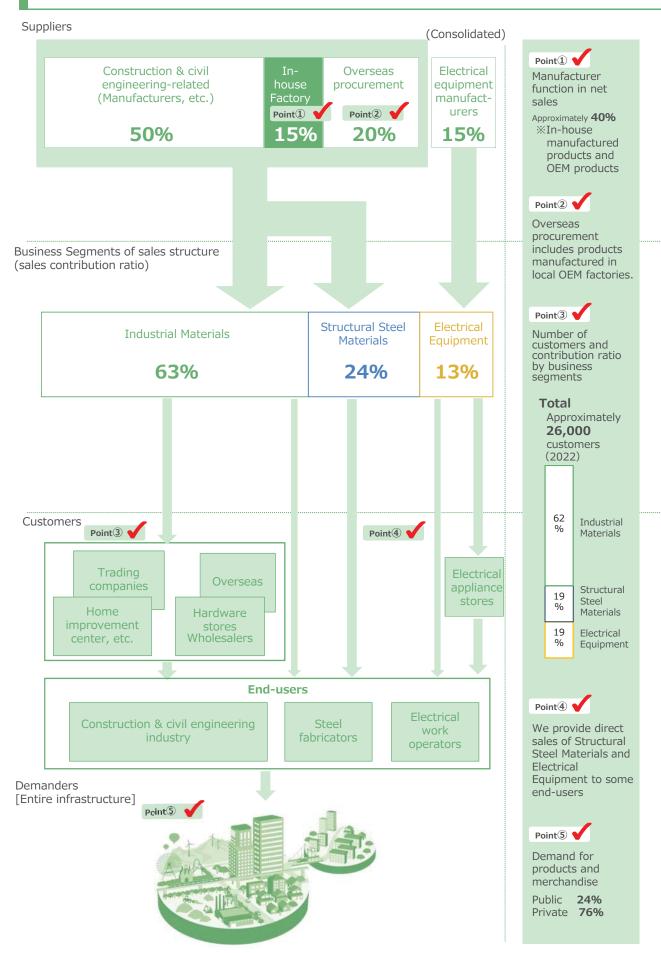






KONDOTEC REPORT 2022

Business Model



■ Strength (1): Strength in procurement

Characteristics

Many various suppliersHandling not only domestic goods but also imported ones

 Establishment of in-house factories at six sites in Japan

 Dealing of special orders
 Owning of OEM production factories in Japan and abroad

 Cultivation/development of new products and merchandise considering customer feedback, which can only be done by a manufacturer and wholesale company

Response to the risks: Derivative transactions, offering of highly value-added merchandise

Effects

- O Capable of providing products and merchandise according to needs by having not only cheap imported merchandise (procurement) but also high-quality and highly value-added in-house manufactured products.
- O Capable of stable supply due to many suppliers, and not depending on specific suppliers

(Expected risks)

Dependence on imported merchandise and FX fluctuation/china risk/defect liability risk/impact of market fluctuations for raw materials, etc./product liability risk/impact of disasters on supply chain

■ Strength (2): Strength in sales methods

Characteristics

 Development of the quick delivery system with all operating sites fully equipped with warehouses

 Capture of demand in each area of Japan through expansion across the country

 Proposals for products and merchandise rooted in the region by employees with knowledge of products and merchandise

Dealing with about 50,000 items of

various products and merchandise

Quick delivery of made-to-order products from six factories in Japan

Expand business not only in sales of products and merchandise but also in the construction field

Effects

- O Realization of the quick delivery system with each operating site having inventories
- O Thorough small-lot sales rooted in the region

(Expected risks)

Industrial accidents from warehouse operations/ insufficient labor force for inventory management/ accidents at the time of delivery

Response to the risks: Holding of the Safety and Health Committee⇒P56, Safety driving initiative⇒P56

■ Strength (3) Strength in customers

Characteristics

Sales to various industries/businesses

Diversified small-lot sales

(many counter-parties)
• Establishment of a sales desk specialized in targets

(Tokyo metropolitan area, railway environment, home improvement center, e-commerce, etc.)

Effects

O Not prone to be affected by conditions of particular industries, by selling to various industries

(Expected risks)

Dependence on public investments and private capital investments/management of many customers/ insufficient staff for marketing and operations/Price competition/Credit risk of customers

Response to the risks: Introduction of the core system, implementation of training to improve marketing and operational abilities⇒P57

Setting credit limits on customers based on the degree of credibility, executing growth strategies

The KONDOTEC group has not incurred a deficit for ordinary profit since establishment to the present (*excluding irregular periods for financial settlement). In our more than 70 years of history, we have responded to changes in external environments each time, and continued changing the business portfolio and expanding the merchandise we handle (Our Company's history and changes in earnings \Rightarrow P 5)

The three strengths described on this page have been nurtured in such history of reforms. With external environments expected to change even more rapidly going forward, we will continue to be conscious about what should be changed and what should not to reflect them in our management. Moreover, having decided growth strategies separately for sustainable growth going forward, the Company will strive for further development. (Growth strategies \Rightarrow P21-)

Materiality

In engaging in corporate activities, we recognize that management that takes social sustainability into consideration leads to the sustainable growth of the Company. Accordingly, we have established the ESG Basic Policy to fulfill our social responsibilities in management activities

by determining the current state of management from the perspective of SDGs, and identifying materialities in the form of goals to be pursued, and the challenges faced in doing so, for each ESG area.

Verification of materiality and the process of formulating the ESG Basic Policy

STEP 1

Listing our issues

We identified potential items for our issues, and identified issues for each stakeholder referring to various guidelines (IIRC and Guidance for Collaborative Value Creation*)

*IIRC: Framework within the International Integrated Reporting Council
Guidance for Collaborative Value Creation: Guidance for information disclosure and improving quality of dialogue with investors

STEP 2

Judgement on the importance of each item

We evaluated the importance of issues identified in STEP 1 with the importance for stakeholders and the importance for the Company, and selected items of high importance as issues.



STEP 3

Identification of materiality and ESG Basic Policy formulation

At the Board of Directors, we discussed again the order of priority for important items selected in STEP 2, and based on the result, identified materialities and determined the ESG Basic Policy while focusing on value creation from the perspective of SDGs based on our corporate philosophy of "affluent society".

Reselection of material items for relevant SDGs

We have continued to narrow down SDGs that are relevant to KONDOTEC with specific criteria including the level of progress of current initiatives and SDG targets. With consideration for the above, we have identified material items that are deemed applicable to the SDGs.

What's SDGs?

SDGs stands for Sustainable Development Goals, which are the global long-term goals from 2016 to 2030 for which international agreement was achieved at the United Nations in 2015. With 17 goals and 169 targets, they were adopted as the action plan for the prosperity of mankind and the earth.

Covering a wide range of problems from hunger and poverty to economic disparity, human rights and environmental measures, it advocates realizing a world that "leaves behind no one" where all people can live with dignity regardless of their social and economic situations.



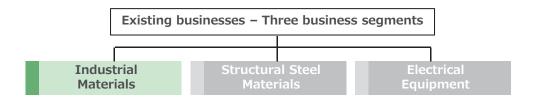
Decision on materiality (key issues) and ESG Basic Policy

We decided on materiality as follows after the three steps. We will regard this materiality as the ESG Basic Policy and link it to sustainable corporate growth by incorporating it in the management strategy.

We will explain in detail in chapters on p.37 and after what we are doing and the content we will focus on going forward according to the ESG Basic Policy.

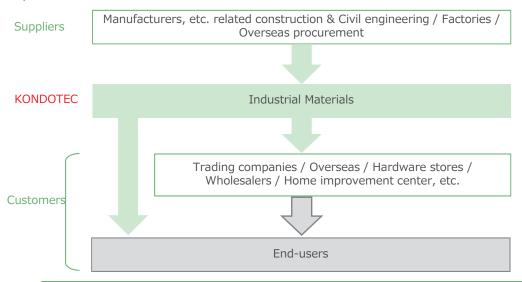
ESG	Materiality		Relevant SDGs
	(1) Provision of optimal products and merchandise for environmental measures	nandise (Presentation of environment	
Environment	(2) Business activities paying	Initiatives for environmental protection and energy-saving	12 NUMBERS OF THE STATE OF THE
	attention to the environment	Management of emissions (material balance)	
	(1) Product liability and quality	Quality control of products and merchandise	
	assurance	Stance for security and safety	
	(2) Procurement and provision of high-value-added products, merchandise and services	Provision of better products, merchandise and services for customers	3 constants 4 material
	(3) Communication with stakeholders	Engagement with stakeholders	5 count 88 accordance counts
	(4) Appropriate information disclosure and security	Stance for information disclosure	9 300000 111 2000000000000000000000000000
Social		Information security measures	12 REPORTED TO AND THE REPORT OF THE REPORT
	(5) Co-existence with local communities	Operating site opening plan	17 minours
		Response to disasters and contributions to them	17 million cours
	(6) Safety measures and work style reform	Risk control for disasters and others	
		For employees' health, safety and hygiene	
	(7) Human resources development and diversity	Policy on human resources development	
		Diversity	
		Employee benefits	
Governance	(1) Strengthening of corporate governance	Corporate governance	16 HACL MITTER AND THE METERS OF THE METERS
	(2) Thorough compliance	Compliance Basic Policy	Ā

Business Report



■ Industrial Materials

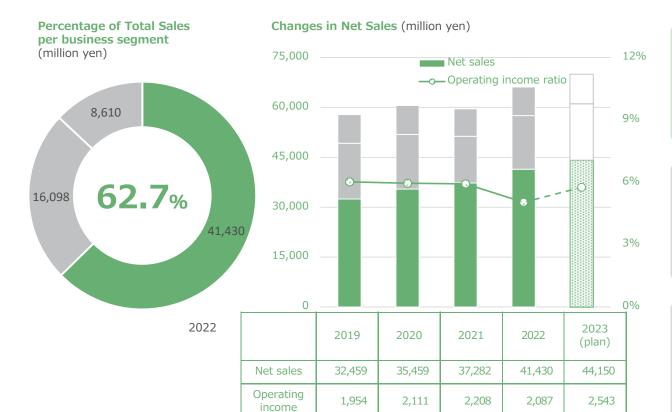
With the retail hardware business at the core, we manufacture, procure, sell and rental civil engineering and construction materials, machinery and equipment. Of the subsidiaries, KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND) CO., LTD., CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd., Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd., TECBUILD CO., LTD., TOKAI STEP CO., LTD., FUKOKU, Ltd. and KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.*¹ are included.



Number of operating sites	(Subsidiaries) (Subsidiaries) KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND) CO., LTD. CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. 2 operating sites Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. TECBUILD CO., LTD. 17 operating sites TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. 14 operating sites FUKOKU, Ltd. 5 operating sites KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. 2 operating sites (As of March 31, 2022)		
Number of customers	Approximately 16,000 companies		
Number of new customers*2	1,516 customers (As of March 31, 2022)		
Net sales of new customers*2	1,249 million yen (As of March 31, 2022)		
Characteristics	Wide range of products and merchandise handled; stable performance Earnings driver		

 $^{^{*1}}$ KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. is included in the consolidated results from Q3 FY2022.

^{*2} The number of new customers and of net sales represent the number and net sales of customers exploited this fiscal year and in the previous fiscal year, and for which actual sales were made this fiscal year (non-consolidated).



Overview of the Year Ended March 31, 2022

Segment sales came to 41,430 million yen (+11.1% year on year) due to sales of FUKOKU, Ltd. and KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd., which became consolidated subsidiaries in the year ended March 2021 and 2022, respectively, in addition to the steady performance of hardware for wooden homes, worksite equipment, and temporary scaffolding materials due to the recovery in construction demand and purchase demand prior to price hikes of various materials.

Initiatives Going Forward

While the outlook is very uncertain due to soaring prices of crude oil and materials, as well as the continued spread of COVID-19 cases as a result of new variants, we expect an increase in maintenance/repair construction work due to the aging of social infrastructure, growth of online sales, and greater development of infrastructure in the ASEAN region. To capture this demand, we will take steps to attract new and dormant customers, and build up our products and merchandise lines with competitive items to increase net sales. Initiatives we will take toward

In terms of profit, gross profit margins declined because we were only able to pass through some of higher manufacturing and procurement costs to selling prices due to fierce competition among competitors. In addition, SG&A increased due to higher personnel costs and an increase in newly consolidated subsidiaries. Consequently, operating income came to 2,087 million yen (-5.5% year on year).

achieving further growth include the expansion of new products via KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary, creation of greater synergies with other Group companies, the expansion of sales channels on major e-commerce platforms, and capturing demand related to renewable

By taking these initiatives, we aim to expect net sales of 44,150 million yen and an operating income of 2,543 million yen for the year ending March 31, 2023.

Risks

Dependence on public investments and private capital investments

Since sales associated with public investments and private capital investments account for a considerable percentage of the segment's sales, stagnation in the conditions of the construction industry and a decline in demand caused by such conditions may have an impact on the operating performance and financial position of the segment

Dependence on imported merchandise and FX fluctuation

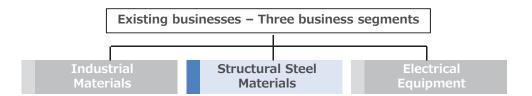
While having been increasing the procurement of imported merchandise from overseas, such as China,

for the purpose of selling competitive merchandise, the segment is currently procuring about 90% of them from China. Accordingly, there is a possibility that securing merchandise will become difficult, because the pursuit of business by the suppliers is greatly influenced by U.S.-China trade friction, changes in statutory regulations in China and others. In addition, major volatility in the foreign exchange market may have a significant impact on the operating performance and financial position of the

segment.
• Price competition

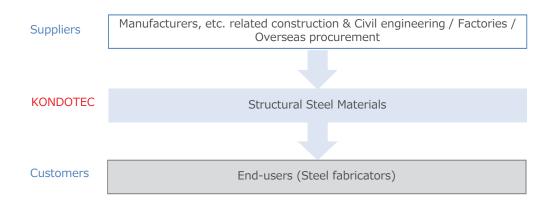
Impact of market fluctuations for raw materials, etc. COVID-19 infection

P16 Risks



Structural Steel Materials

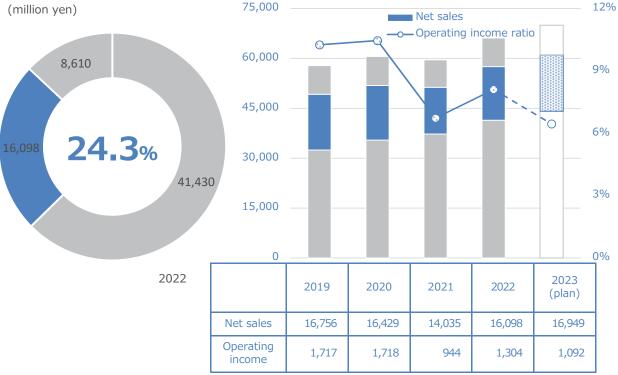
We manufacture, procure, and sell construction-related materials for steel fabricators.



Number of operating sites	KONDOTEC INC. 17 operating sites (As of March 31, 2022)	
Number of customers	Approximately 5,000 companies	
Number of new customers*	573 customers (As of March 31, 2022)	
Net sales of new customers*	696 million yen (As of March 31, 2022)	
Characteristics	Operating performance increases/decreases in connection with the demand for steel frames High percentage of in-house manufactured products High market share	

^{*} The number of new customers and of net sales represent the number and net sales of customers exploited this fiscal year and in the previous fiscal year, and for which actual sales were made this fiscal year.

Percentage of Total Sales per business segment



Changes in Net Sales (million yen)

Overview of the Year Ended March 31, 2022

Segment sales trended up to 16,098 million yen (+14.7% year on year) owing to the strong sales performance of high-strength bolts, steel frame materials and screws due to the recovery in demand for steel frames in large properties. In terms of profit, we passed on the increase in manufacturing costs and purchase prices to the

selling prices amidst fierce competition for orders with competitors, which resulted in a largely unchanged gross profit margin. In the meantime, as the increase in SG&A expenses attributed to freightage expenses was absorbed by the increased profit, operating income came to 1,304 million yen (+38.2% year and year).

Initiatives Going Forward

While the outlook is very uncertain due to soaring prices of crude oil and materials, as well as the continued spread of COVID-19 cases as a result of new variants, there are many areas without operating sites for this segment. Under these circumstances, we will actively consider new operating sites, attract new and dormant customers, and boost sales of products to increase net sales.

Key initiatives to take toward achieving further growth going forward are human resource

development for opening new operating sites and expanding businesses, strengthening sales of major products and merchandise centered on factory products and expanding the installation of anchor bolt.

By taking these initiatives, we aim to expect net sales of 16,949 million yen for the year ending March 31, 2023. For operating income, we expect 1.092 million ven due to the expected increase in various costs, such as manufacturing costs and freightage expenses.

Risks

Price competition

If price competition with competitors continues to intensify in each of the product markets and local markets to which the segment belongs and it becomes difficult to maintain fair prices, this may have a significant impact on the operating performance and financial position of the segment.

Impact of market fluctuations for raw materials,

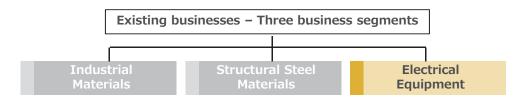
Procurement prices of main raw materials for the products and merchandise of the segment tend to fluctuate depending on the global demand & supply trends of steel materials, copper and aluminum. Major volatility in the steel materials market may have a significant impact on the operating performance and financial position of the segment.

· COVID-19 infection

The performance and financial position of the segment may be significantly impacted if the effects of global supply chain disruptions, delays in property developments and restraints on private capital investment persist as the pandemic continues or if employee infections or cluster outbreaks at operating sites occur, these may result in a slowdown of business activities.

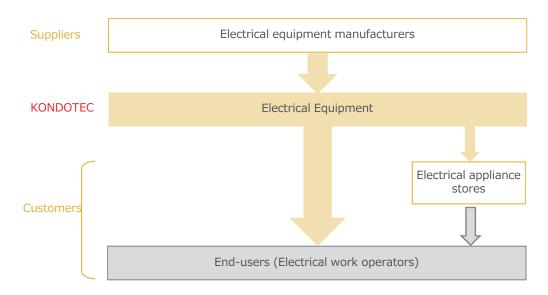
 Dependence on public investments and private capital investments

P14 Risks



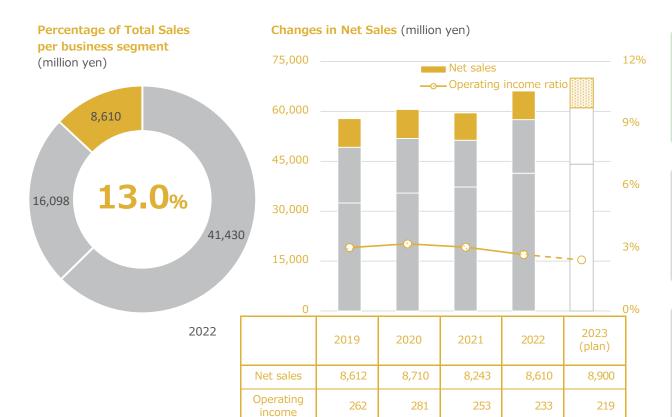
■ Electrical Equipment

We procure and sell electrical equipment to electrical work operators engaged in construction of houses, buildings, facilities, factories and other structures and to electrical appliance stores. This business is handled by a consolidated subsidiary, Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd.



Number of operating sites	(Subsidiary) Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. 14 operating sites (As of March 31, 2022)		
Number of customers	Approximately 5,000 companies		
Number of new customers*	333 customers (As of March 31, 2022)		
Net sales of new customers*	801 million yen (As of March 31, 2022)		
Characteristics	 Merchandise handled are mainly electrical equipment Securing stable sales volumes Dominant store openings mainly in Aichi and Gifu Prefectures 		

^{*} The number of new customers and of net sales represent the number and net sales of customers exploited this fiscal year and in the previous fiscal year, and for which actual sales were made this fiscal year.



Overview of the Year Ended March 31, 2022

Despite the deteriorating market environment impacted by construction postponements and delays in merchandise supplies due to semiconductor shortages, segment sales came to 8,610 million yen (+4.4% year on year) as a result of hosting of general exhibitions and customer appreciation sales, as well as enhanced sales activities through new merchandise information magazine, LED construction orders received from new condominiums and retail stores, and improved sales related to electric

wires as a result of soaring copper prices. In terms of profit, despite efforts put into negotiations to reduce purchasing prices and sales activities with gross profit margin in mind, including utilization of special pricing, operating income came to 233 million yen (-7.6% year on year) as a result of decreased gross profit margin since we were only able to pass on the increased purchasing prices of spiking copper and auxiliary materials to selling prices to a certain extent.

Initiatives Going Forward

While the outlook is very uncertain due to soaring prices of crude oil and materials and the spread of new COVID variants, given the projection that housing construction will decline in the long term due to a decreasing birthrate and population while renovation projects were expected to be solid, we will make efforts to attract renovation/maintenance projects, construction work related to the Linear, urban redevelopment projects, new and dormant customers to ensure bringing in orders and increasing net sales.

To achieve further growth in the future, we will expansion of plumbing work and light duty electrical work-related business, and strengthen our housing-related facilities and systems and FA divisions, strengthen synergies with Group companies, and enhance merchandise handled. By taking these initiatives, we aim to expect net sales of 8,900 million yen for the year ending March 31, 2023. For operating income, we expect 219 million yen due to the expected increase in various costs, such as promotion expenses.

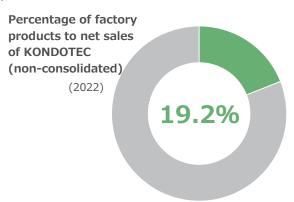
Risks

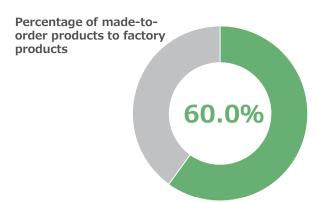
- · Dependence on public investments and private capital investments (in Tokai area) P14 Risks
- Price competition
- Impact of market fluctuations for raw materials, etc.
 COVID-19 infection

P16 Risks P16 Risks P16 Risks

■ Functions as a manufacturer (Roles of factories)

With a view to promoting a local communityoriented sales structure, the Company, as a wholesale company with a manufacturing function, maintains four factories in Japan (nonconsolidated) and makes an effort to pay careful attention to customer feedback in distributing products. The majority of the Company's products are <u>made-to-order products</u> that require high-level precision and short-term delivery. This prevents encroachment from overseas and leads to achieving a high profitability.

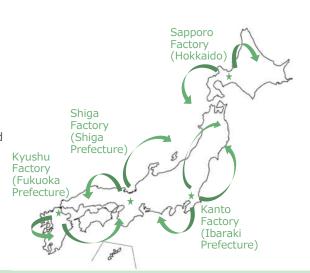




■ Local community-oriented structure

The Company maintains four factories in Hokkaido, Ibaraki, Shiga and Fukuoka (nonconsolidated). All factories manufacture turn buckle braces and anchor bolts, which are our core products. By having these four factories supply products to our sales network across the country, we are able to realize quick delivery and operate a local community-oriented sales structure.

Setting our first priority on responding to customer needs with speed, we have a production structure in place that makes the best of our comprehensively capability that integrates production and sales.



Why are KONDOTEC factory products selected?

While there are differences in size and other specifications for turn buckle braces, which are our core products, we take in their demand by using our sales and marketing capabilities and engaging in made-to-order products at factories and short-term delivery. Moreover, for turn buckle braces, we manufacture a majority of the component parts at Company factories, and by not using outsourced parts, we are expanding our product lineup in an aim to differentiate from other companies.

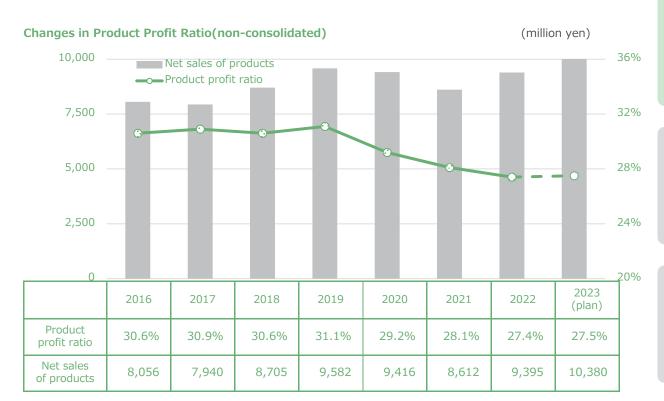
In terms of deliveries, turn buckle braces and anchor bolts are often long and heavy, incurring high transportation costs. Therefore, we established four factories spread out across Japan to have each factory supply products to the operating sites in their respective regions for addressing the need for prompt delivery in order to reduce costs and risks associated with delivery and reduce CO_2 emissions.

Pursuing the safety of products

The Company is a brace manufacturer that our factories has acquired JIS from the production of turn buckle bodies to turn buckle products.

Moreover, we are actively acquiring ISO (International Organization for Standardization) certification.





■ Initiative to improve productivity

In April 2019, we newly started operating No. 2 Factory on the premises of our Shiga Factory (Hino-cho, Gamou-gun, Shiga).

To improve productivity, we will actively

introduce labor saving solutions and optimize the manufacturing process, including digital transformation of production and process management and utilization of robotics.

■ Towards the provision of highly value-added products

In August 2014, we made CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. a consolidated subsidiary. The company is actively developing manufacturing lines in our factories. Furthermore, in January 2019, we established "Mechatro Laboratory" within our organization by purchasing business from Mechatro Engineering Co., Ltd. The Laboratory aims to utilize image processing technologies for manufacturing lines. Furthermore, KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd., which became a consolidated subsidiary in October 2021, is conducting manufacturing development of aluminum extrusions that are garnering attention from the construction industry as a lightweight material. We strive to improve productivity of our products by utilizing the know-how of each Group company and provide high value-added products using excellent technologies.

Business areas of the group Company manufacturing-related organization

CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd.	Design and manufacture of various machine devices, laborsaving equipment and transport, including industrial machinery and electronic parts for automobiles and household appliances	Image processing equipment (Mechatro Laboratory	Factory of KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.	
Mechatro Laboratory	Design and manufacturing of labor-saving, image processing equipment, various inspection equipment, and inspection tools	We propose for the	Development and manufacture	
KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.	Development and manufacture of aluminum extrusions	development image to customers and develop equipment.	Aluminum	
		4	extrusions KONDOTEC REPORT 2022 20	

Top Message



■ Embrace various challenges and continue to serve as a Company that is chosen

Founded in 1947, KONDOTEC celebrated its 75th anniversary and transitioned to the TSE Prime Market in 2022, the year this report is published. While our Group currently consists of nine companies, we started out as an individual store selling ship fittings at the time of our founding. Since then, we have been constantly cultivating new customers while shifting our product and merchandise lineup from the sea to land as the times changed. At present, we offer approximately 50,000 different products and merchandise across multiple industries, which form the base of our company's business. I believe the company was able to reach where it is at today because of our ability to maintain our spirit of service and close relationships with customers to remain a company that is chosen.

Judging from recent world events, including the COVID-19 pandemic that has yet to show signs of relent, anything can still happen. Despite the continued uncertainties, time is one thing that has continued to move forward. Therefore, as a company, we must continue to strive to expand

■ Working Towards a Sustainable Society

We now live in a time where we can no longer simply look out for ourselves, to pursue profit no matter the cost. In order to survive, everyone must share an awareness that only management that takes social sustainability into account will lead to sustainable growth as a company. We are conscious of the fact that KONDOTEC is also a member of society. We strive to become a company that the world needs and reflect the requirements in our code of conduct. The first step of our efforts towards sustainability was the establishment of the SDGs Promotion Department in 2021, which is engaged in addressing various issues related to climate change and improving engagement. Our corporate philosophy also ties back to the 5Ps(*) behind the SDGs philosophy of establishing a society of change, where "no one is left behind". With this philosophy in mind, we will continue to serve to support the development of a sustainable society.

business and address various social challenges including responding to climate change. The three major elements of everyday living--clothing, food, and housing--will remain essential no matter what changes take place. In addition, the logistics mechanism that supports these essential elements is also necessary, which is fundamentally supported by infrastructure equipment. For infrastructure to function, there are necessary materials and maintenance. In other words, no matter what situation we are living in, there are essential items for people to survive, while companies that can supply these items and resolve social issues will endure the challenges. KONDOTEC aims to become one of the leaders of such companies.

In this Age of Change, we strive to achieve perpetual growth with the spirit of service, which we have valued since our founding, by continuing to serve as a company to be chosen and developing human resources to benefit and contribute to the development of an affluent society.

One of the initiatives related to the realization of a sustainable society we are focusing on is weight saving. While we primarily handle iron material in the products and merchandise we offer, given the participation and engagement of female workers in the construction industry, there is growing demand for light weight materials used on construction sites. Amidst this situation, we acquired KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd., which manufacturers aluminum extrusions suitable for weight saving, in October 2021. Going forward, we will reduce product weight as well as lighten the weight of each delivery unit by reducing the number of boxes included by working with KURIYAMA ALUMINUM on the development and sales of aluminum products and transition to materials with a higher strength. Our weight saving effort aims to provide a product and merchandise line up that is easy to use for as many people as possible, including women and the elderly.

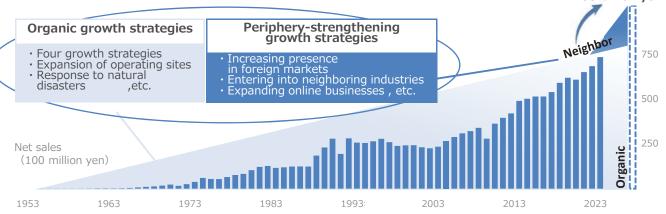
* The 5Ps
People, Planet, Prosperity, Peace, Partnership

■ Initiatives for Net Sales of 100 Billion Yen Growth strategy

As for growth strategies, the Company has organic growth as strategies for existing businesses and periphery-strengthening growth those other than the existing businesses. Organic growth is the strategy that has established KONDOTEC's earnings to date, while the Company has developed its businesses with the strength of responding flexibly to changes of the time, while broadening the scope of our business.

Periphery-strengthening growth is the strategy that is a possible new earnings driver, aiming for a further leap forward. Under this strategy, we are engaged in expanding businesses looking for a further leap forward without being constrained by

the framework of our organic growth. We strive to expand business fields aggressively through M&A strategies with proactive investment in fields that are expected to grow in the future (overseas business, maintenance and repair work along with the ageing social infrastructure, manpower saving measures to address labor shortage and workstyle reform) based on the Medium-term Management Plan (p. 24). Going forward, we will continue improving sensitivity to the needs of society, while differentiating ourselves from other companies by implementing the above growth strategies, including M&As, aiming for net sales of 100 billion yen in the 2020s. 100 billion yen



Initiatives Going Forward

Establishing a well-balanced business domain
The construction market is broadly divided into
construction and civil engineering. While the
construction market has been our main field, we will
look to establish a good balance in industry focus
with differing timelines, between construction works
with a relatively short time span, and long-term civil
engineering works as our business foundation.

Creating synergies in scaffolding construction KONDOTEC has been involved in sales of temporary scaffolding materials. However, as the number of new construction projects declines as the population ages and birth rate declines, existing equipment continues to deteriorate. Consequently, demand for temporary scaffolding construction necessary to equipment maintenance and preservation is expected to rise. To meet this demand, we acquired Group

companies involved in scaffolding construction, each of which have different areas of expertise, from low-rise, mid- to high rise building, bridges, and civil engineering works. Group companies are working together under the supervision of Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd., established in April 2021 as an intermediate holding company, to share know-how, and to further improve the quality of services provided in scaffolding construction.

Promotion of DX

At KONDOTEC, we believe digital technologies serve as the key element to our everlasting growth. With this in mind, we are striving to develop new business models that establish close connections with our customers utilizing the know-how we have cultivated to date, including rolling out of merchandise utilizing digital technologies led by the DX Promotion Project Team established in 2019.

TOPICS Promotion of digital transformation(DX)

In order to launch new services and business models utilizing data and digital technologies, and to actively promote DX to introduce radical changes to how we undertake business, we established the DX Promotion Project Team and began considering rolling out new businesses in 2019.

As a specific initiative for DX, we introduced

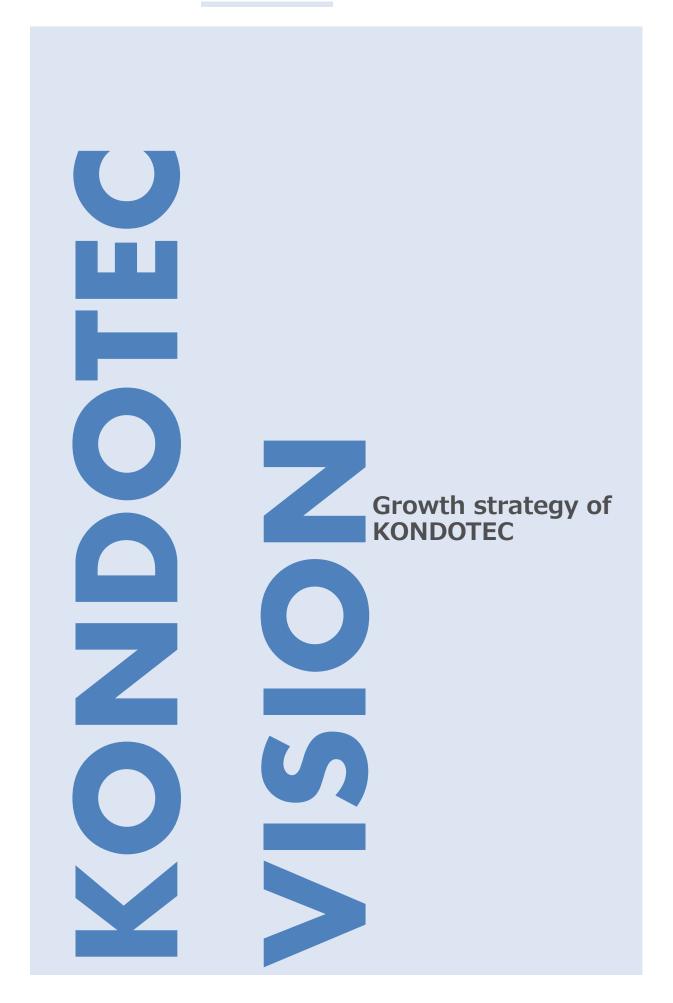
As a specific initiative for DX, we introduced Salesforce in 2021 to internally store and share know-how acquired through our sales activities, which enabled prompt proposal of solutions and response tailored to customer needs. In addition, we launched the "Tsurikata" site for inspecting

lifting equipment using RFID tags, which is accessible to users from their smartphones for product management. This further improved the convenience of lifting equipment that our company has been selling for a long time.

By promoting DX, we hope to deliver attractive

promoting DX, we hope to deliver attractive products, merchandise and services to our customers to further promote our brand as the first choice for our customers, applying digital technologies to expand revenue earning opportunities, while also improving business processes and productivity.

Top Message / Medium-term Management Plan / Growth Strategy / Financial Strategies



Medium-term Management Plan

■ Recognition of the Business Environment

Before the COVID-19 pandemic hit, capital investment related to inbound demand and urban redevelopment projects had continued. The impact of the COVID-19 has caused changes in industrial structure and business models and the increase of attention to sustainable development due to change in social values. We expect that these factors will change demand for construction investment.

Before the spread of COVID-19

Robust construction investment demand

Robust demand in the private capital investment

- Capital investment related to inbound demand
- Urban redevelopment projects

Solid public investments

- Prevention / mitigation measures for natural disasters
- Construction work related to the Linear Chuo Shinkansen and projected Shinkansen lines

The aging of social infrastructure

Changes in

domestic market

Changes in the contents of construction investment

Changes in private capital investment

- Stagnant domestic markets due to population decline and the COVID-19
- Increase in Capital investment related to E-commerce and IT

Changes in public investment

- National Resilience Against for Disasters Prevention / mitigation measures for natural disaster
- Decrease in new construction and increase in maintenance /repair construction work

Changes in working environment and production form

There are in capital investment.

- Increase in capital investment related to labor-saving
- Advances in digital technology

Working environment and production form

· Labor-intensive

■ Basic Policy

We will strive for sustainable growth and improvement in long-term corporate value, while responding to changes in the business environment, by strengthening our management base and promoting growth strategies through appropriate allocation of funds.

/Technological

innovation

Sustainable growth and improvement in long-term corporate value during 2020s ROE 10% or higher

Net sales 100 billion yen

ROE 10% or higher DOE 2.5% or higher







Growth strategy

- Organic growth strategies
- Periphery-strengthening
- M&A

Reinforcement of management base

Initiatives for SDG targetsUtilization of digital technology

Appropriate allocation of funds

- · Capital investment
- Strategic investment

Financial Target

《Long-term Target》

During 2020s

Net sales(Consolidated)

100 billion yen

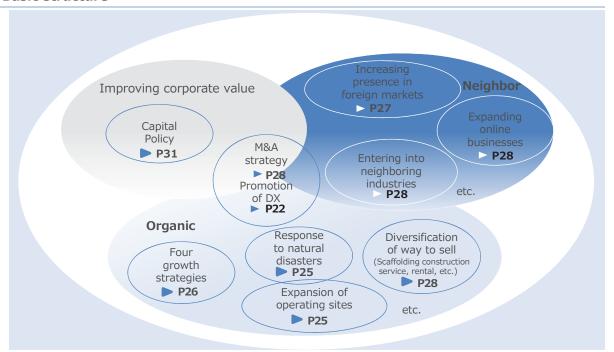
《Medium-term Target》 We will aim to achieve increase in net sales and income by financial target based on the existing sales structure

Consolidated target (million yen)	2022 (Actual)	2023 (Plan)	2024 (Plan)	2025 (Plan)
Net sales	66,139	70,000	74,700	78,000
Operating income	3,594	3,810	4,150	4,400
Ordinary income	3,810	3,970	4,230	4,500
Profit attributable to owners of parent	2,284	2,470	2,700	2,900

^{*}The Medium-term Management Plan adopts the rolling method which responds to changes in the business environment while verifying the outcome and issues every year in an effort to realize the mid-to-long vision.

Growth Strategy

Basic structure



Existing business strategies (organic growth strategies)

Expansion of operating sites

We strive for expansion of operating sites which maintained a local-community-oriented sales structure in order to respond quickly to customer needs.

Recently, we opened the kusatsu office of CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. which is our group company in April 2019 and the Gunma office of the Company in April 2022.

We will continue to execute quick deliveries in an effort to realize customer-focused management.

Risks

If the intensified price competition continues with competitors in the local market of each operating site, it may significantly affect earnings.

* Response to the risks

P10 Strength in sales methods



Response to natural disasters

Our products and merchandise support recovery/restoration efforts from disasters and are in demand in the event of abnormal weather conditions, such as extremely heavy rainfall everywhere.

All operating sites have inventories and maintain a structure across Japan that enables us to immediately respond to such urgent demand for products and merchandise and carry out our responsibility to supply. P55

Risks

With many applicable merchandise being imported ones, securing merchandise may become difficult due to unexpected events such as changes in overseas economic situations, including China. In addition, substantial changes in foreign exchange markets may significantly affect earnings and financial position.

* Response to the risks

P10 Strength in procurement





One of merchandise for natural disasters Flexible container bags (Right)

Four growth strategies

KONDOTEC is taking the following four initiatives toward expanding orders.

1)Cultivation of new customers

KONDOTEC achieves a monthly average of one new customer per sales representative and a yearly average of 1,500 new customers as a company.

In addition, we exploit a yearly average of 10 dormant customers per sales representative and these activities form the source for 20,000 sales customers. P10 Strength in customers

20ffer of new products and merchandise

For the purpose of developing new merchandise, joint New Products and Merchandise Committee meetings are held between the sales division and the manufacturing division periodically to discuss requests from customers and proposals for improvement. We have developed imported products and merchandise. Since 2020 we have developed lightweight scaffolding hanging chain "Carina", as well as the weight saving forging hook "LS hook" (manufactured by our Kyushu

3Adoption of flexible sales methods

KONDOTEC not only sells merchandise but also maintains a structure to enable the undertaking of anchor construction by having construction managing engineers and acquiring a construction business license. By becoming involved in the initial phase of a construction project, we are able to acquire information on necessary construction materials ahead of others and make use of such information on sales activities. Furthermore, we also issue product catalogs specific to certain sectors and customers, such as those on lifting equipment, materials to prevent

4 Cultivation of distribution routes

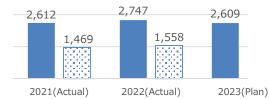
We are working to expand our business into new sectors, such as Home improvement centers and railroad companies, in addition to the existing sales routes.

We also established the E-commerce Group in July 2017 to approach a new customer base by launching sales of our wide range of products and merchandise on the Internet.

Further, we have in place a sales force dedicated to the Tokyo metropolitan area to accommodate bulk purchasing from large trading companies and headquarters of general construction companies from which orders have been increasing in recent years.

Net sales (million yen)

New customers Cultivating dormant customers



Factory) that emphasizes reduced product weight.

We will continue to develop and cultivate products and merchandise with even higher added value in order to offer such products and merchandise.

Carina LS hook

damage from wildlife, and agricultural equipment, in addition to the general product catalog containing products and merchandise with high customer needs.



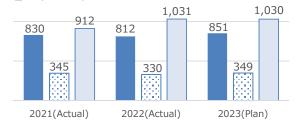
Catalog of lifting equipment



Catalog of materials to prevent damage from wildlife, and agricultural equipment

Net sales (million yen)

- Home improvement centers
- Railroads
- ■Tokyo metropolitan area



Risks

Price competition

If price competition with competitors continues to intensify in each of the product markets and local markets to which the Group belongs and it becomes difficult to maintain fair prices, this may have a significant impact on the operating performance and financial position of the

KONDOTEC Group.

· Credit risk of customers

If bad debt expenses arise due to the bankruptcy of a customer, this may have an impact on operating performance and financial position of the KONDOTEC Group.
P10 Strength in customers

Initiatives for enhancing activities in non-existing business (Periphery-strengthening growth strategies)

Increasing presence in foreign markets

Based on our view that increasing presence in foreign markets where growth is expected will contribute to enhancing our earnings capability, we established a subsidiary in Thailand in November 2012. We executed a capital increase in August 2014, acquired all shares from the two joint venture companies and substantially made the company our fully-owned subsidiary. Currently, we are moving ahead with activities to expand our business in ASEAN countries with Thailand as our base location. Going forward, we will further strengthen our sales & marketing capabilities by widening our sales network and reinforcing manpower with a view to increasing

the ratio of net sales from our overseas husiness.

Risks

Problems in pursuing business due to unexpected events may occur, including changes in political, laws and regulations, as well as economic turmoil in countries such as China and Thailand.

Moreover, a substantial change in foreign exchange markets may affect earnings and the financial position of the KONDOTEC group.

P10 Strength in customers

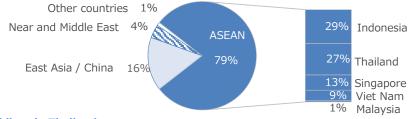
(2022)

KONDOTEC INC. and overseas expansion

While the planned figure for net sales from overseas business in the year ending March 31, 2023 is 265 million yen (total for International Sales Division and subsidiary in Thailand), our export business was active prior to the Plaza Accord in 1985 and handled exports worth approximately 2,000 million yen. However, given

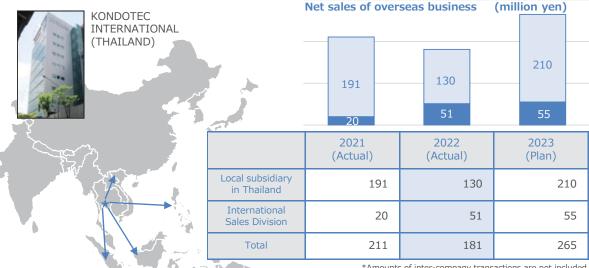
the currency crisis in 1997, when Asian currencies slumped, the export business became difficult and we shifted from export to import. Subsequently, we established a dozen OEM plants in China to establish a structure that is not affected by the yen's appreciation and resumed exports around

Percentage of Net Sales by country



Subsidiary in Thailand

Company name	KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL(THAILAND) CO.,LTD.
Location	Bangkok, Thailand
Date established	November 1, 2012
Paid-in capital	102 million baht (approximately 316 million yen)
Business areas	Import, export and local sale of industrial materials, structural steel materials, electrical equipment, etc. in Thailand



Toward accelerating the growth of the present's KONDOTEC (Organic) and the future's KONDOTEC (Periphery-strengthening)

■ M&A strategy

We view that pursuing corporate acquisitions and capital/business tie-ups is an important strategy to strengthen our business platform. We actively review potential acquisition and tie-up opportunities by analyzing and discussing the growth potential of the relevant business, while taking capital cost into consideration. From 2019 to 2021, we have acquired three companies engaged in the scaffolding construction to strengthen the maintenance/repair field, aiming to expand businesses in the maintenance/repair field, and in 2021 we have acquired KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd., which is involved in the manufacturing and development of aluminum extrusions in response to the demand for light weight.

Going forward, we will continue endeavoring to improve medium to long term corporate value taking into account M&A strategies for growth by periphery-strengthening, such as entering into neighboring industries and expanding online business.

P48, P51

Risks

Although we carefully consider the financial standing and business plans of targets for M&As when conducting M&As, a substantial change in economic conditions or business circumstances may result in an impairment loss on fixed assets, or otherwise have a serious impact on the earnings and the financial position of the KONDOTEC Group.

Four perspectives in pursuing M&A

①Neighboring industry

Pursue M&A with companies associated with industries other than the construction industry and promote business expansion Actual case: Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd.

KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.

2 Deepening the business

Pursue M&A with material manufacturers,

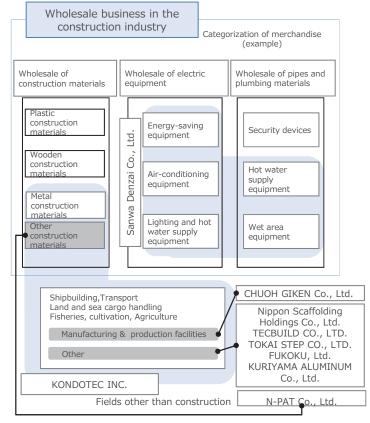
Actual case: CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd.
TECBUILD CO., LTD.
TOKAI STEP CO., LTD.
FUKOKU, Ltd.

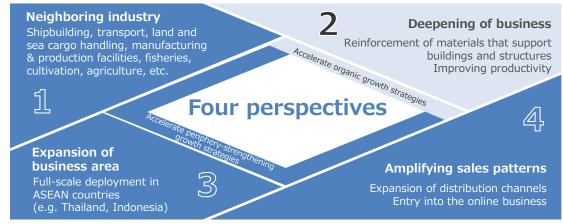
3Expansion of business area

Pursue M&A with companies that maintain overseas sites to promote business area expansion

4 Amplifying sales patterns

Pursue M&A with companies that operates different sales patterns from those of KONDOTEC, such as retail, catalog-based selling, and online sales.





Financial Strategies

Improving corporate value and financial strategies

To improve corporate value, the Company considers it necessary to improve profitability, improve capital efficiency and optimize finance. In particular, we place importance on dividend policy and appropriate allocation of funds to optimize finance.

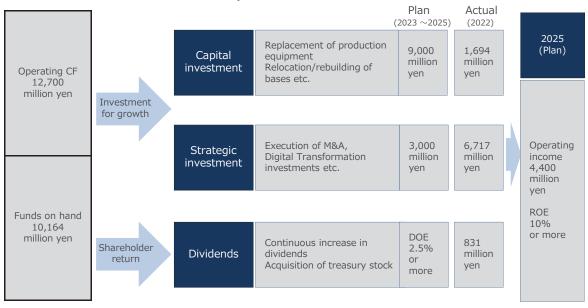
In terms of dividend policy, while fully taking into account both consolidated operating results and the consolidated dividend payout ratio, we have the basic policy of distributing dividends to shareholders continuously and increasingly, targeting a dividend on equity (DOE) ratio of 2.5% or more. The Company has never reduced dividends since our listing. While we could have reduced dividends at the time of the Lehman Shock, since our profit was stable, we decided not to reduce but to distribute dividends continuously, using DOE as the indicator.

Please refer to Figure 1 for the allocation of funds. We make growth investments while being conscious of capital costs as well as stable shareholder returns, aiming to maintain highly efficient capital.

For the improvement of capital efficiency, the Company places importance on capital costs, which are targeted at 5.6% for the year ending March 31, 2023.

As a result of these initiatives, an improvement in ROE will be required. Accordingly, we aim for an ROE of 10% or more as the capital efficiency target, aiming to improve ROE from the perspective of Figure 2, which structurally breaks down ROE.

(Figure 1 : Kondotec's Process of allocation of funds)



(Figure 2: Initiatives based on structural breaking down of ROE)



Message from Director in charge of Finance



Tomoya Ando Executive Adviser and Director of the Company

After serving as Manager of Nakanoshima Branch of MUFG Bank, Ltd., he became Manager of General Affairs Division of KONDOTEC in 2007. At the Bank, he spent about ten years, respectively, in banking operations in general (counter, marketing, loans, etc.), securities operations in general (primary, support for stock-offering, cross-shareholding, portfolio management, securities subsidiary management, etc.) and management in general (serving as branch manager at five branches of three banks in three areas of Tokyo, Nagoya and Osaka).

After joining the Company, he served as Executive Director, Senior Executive Director, Vice President and Director, General Manager of Management Headquarters and Manager of General Affairs Division, and Vice President and Director, of the Company before assuming his current position.

ROE-Conscious Management

Japanese companies are said to have lower ROE in comparison to American companies. One of the main reasons is that American companies tend to have a higher awareness towards capital efficiency. American companies do not invest in businesses with low capital efficiency and actively invest in ones with high return on investment. Furthermore, these companies are thoroughly committed to returning dividends to shareholders if the amount of cash accumulated from the profits obtained through such investments is large enough.

KONDOTEC has set a ROE target of 10% while striving to conduct business with awareness of capital efficiency. When making a new investment decision, we base our criteria on the investment return exceeding the capital costs of the company. While our latest ROE performance is below the target due to the decrease in profits as a result of the COVID-19, we aim to achieve the target through both growth investment such as capital

investment for updating manufacturing equipment, etc., and strategic investment such as promotion of M&A and DX in fields with promising future growth, as described on p.29. In particular, we have been conducting M&A with positive results since 2019 and are always ready to consider M&A based on our M&A strategy. Our target for shareholder returns is a DOE of 2.5% of more as per our dividend policy. This target not only follows the policy, which looks to continuously raise dividends without decreasing them, but also serves as a benchmark aimed at improving employee incentives, which improves employee awareness of stock price. In addition, we are also considering and implementing acquisition of treasury stock as needed. Looking ahead, we will conduct appropriate growth investment aimed at improving corporate value and provide dividends while maintaining an awareness of the level of cash on hand and strive to improve ROE and establishing KONDOTEC as a Group held in high regard by all our stakeholders.



Hiroyuki Yada

Senior Executive Director and General Manager of Management Headquarters, Manager of General Affairs Division and Manager of Business Strategy Department of the Company

He joined the Company in 1985. He served as Manager of Yokohama Branch in 2006, Executive Officer, Manager of Delivery Division in 2011, Executive Officer, Manager of Western Japan Sales Division in 2013, Director, Manager of Western Japan Sales Division in 2016, Director, General Manager of Sales Headquarters, Manager of Western Japan Sales Division and Manager of Business Strategy Department in 2019, Executive Director, General Manager of Sales Headquarters, Manager of Western Japan Sales Division and Manager of Business Strategy Department in 2020 of the Company before assuming his current position.

Proactive and Defensive DX Investment

Since we adopted the Groupware in 2021 that enables library management and drastic revamping of the workflow system for prompt approval process and promotion of a paperless workplace, productivity has largely increased at non-sales departments. Moreover, we introduced the Sales Force Automation tool as part of the strategic investment at sales departments, which promotes the prompt sharing of information. While we are still in the process, I believe the tool also plays a role in improving customer service and ordering rate.

There are a number of themes that we will implement in the future. We will carry out more

detailed process control in the manufacturing department and develop IoT for production process management that shortens the duration from ordering to shipping. In addition, we will strive for AI to indicate the best supplier for made-to-order products or processed products from multiple choices provided to staff members by using past big data at the procurement department. The execution unit will proceed in small working groups to enable a nimble response.

Going forward, we will continue to promote DX related investment from a two-pronged approach the covers both proactive and defensive in order to enhance corporate value.

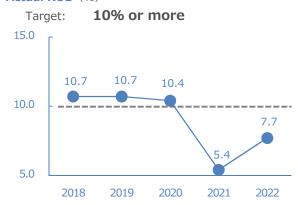
Improving corporate value

■ Capital policy

Our capital policy stands on two key components; capital efficiency target and shareholder return target. We set the capital efficiency target by using ROE, an index that reflects the efficiency of capital investment in pursuit of business expansion, in an effort to promote creation of corporate value. Moreover, capital cost based on actual figures in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 is set at 5.6%; we

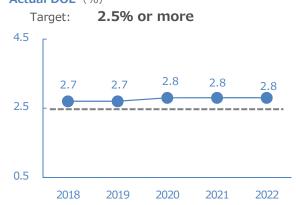
are also paying attention to exceed this capital cost. Meanwhile, the shareholder return target is set to determine dividends by means of DOE, an index that takes into account both consolidated operating results and the dividend payout ratio. And we have the basic policy of distributing dividends to shareholders continuously and increasingly.

Actual ROE (%)



In addition to DOE target, we also have a target ROE of 10% or more. As a result of increasing net assets, which are the bases to determine dividends by recording no less than a certain level of profits every fiscal year, we intend to be able to distribute dividends continuously and increasingly. ROE for the year ended March 2022 fell below our target at 7.7% due to reduced

Actual DOE (%)

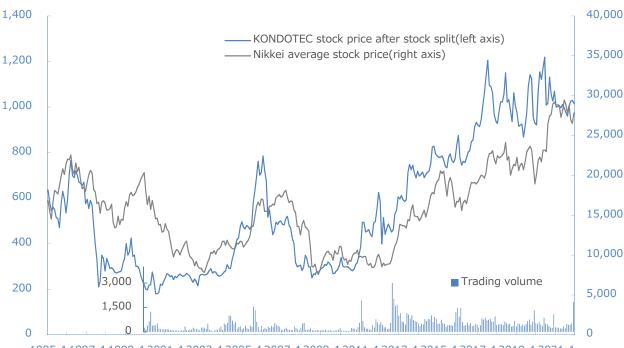


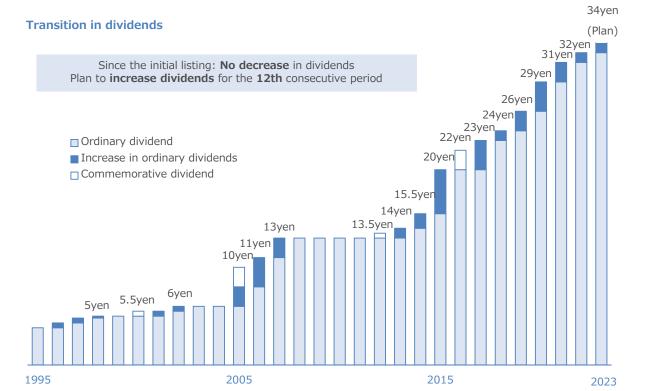
profits resulting from the spread of COVID-19 infection.

Moreover, the target DOE of 2.5% or more can be achieved if profit and dividends increase 10% every fiscal year (Equity capital is assumed to be increased by the amount of profit in the previous year).

Capital cost (Based on actual figures in 2022) 5.6%

Transition of stock price (Yen)





Acquisition of Treasury Stocks

The Company acquires treasury stocks to implement flexible capital measures in response to changes in the management environment, and considers the cancellation of treasury stocks as necessary to increase shareholders' profit.

Recently, the Company has been acquiring treasury stock since January 2022 until October 2022.

■ Dividend yield

Calculated based on closing price on March 31, 2022, **1,017 yen**

■ Shareholder incentive plan

Reward points are awarded, which can be redeemed for food, electronics, travel, experiences, and more from around 2,000 merchandise from the shareholders-only website based on the number of points required.

Shareholder benefit criteria

The benefit is intended for shareholders who hold at least 5 units (500 shares) of the company's shares, listed or recorded in the shareholder registry as of the end of March each year.

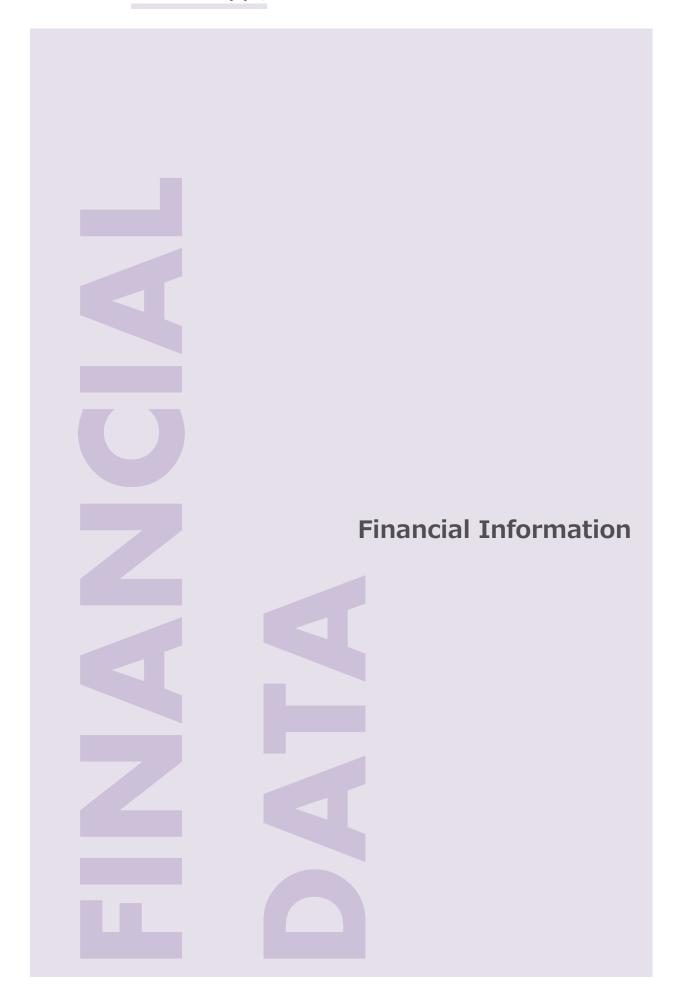
Latest acquisition of Treasury Stocks

Acquired number of shares	1,000 thousand shares (maximum)
Acquisition price	900 million yen (maximum)
Acquisition period (Plan)	January 4, 2022 through October 31, 2022

Dividend yield	3.1%
Dividend yield including shareholder incentives	3.7 %∼

Number of shares held	Reward points		
500 to less than 600	3,000 points		
600 to less than 700	4,000 points		
700 to less than 800	5,000 points		
800 to less than 900	6,000 points		
900 to less than 1,000	7,000 points		
1,000 or more	10,000 points		

^{* 1} point is worth 1 yen.



Consolidated Financial Highlights

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	202
■ Results of Operations (million y	en and Thous	and U.S. do	ollars)			
Net sales	¥52,811	¥57,828	¥60,599	¥59,562	¥66,139	\$540,39
Ordinary income	3,655	4,023	4,177	3,455	3,810	31,13
Profit attributable to owners of	2,523	2,748	2,875	1,561	2,284	18,66
parent Capital investment	423	981	917	1,097	1,694	13,84
Depreciation	423	404	697	897	1,094	8,91
EBITDA	4,079	4,425	4,916	3,783	5,095	41,63
	·	<u> </u>		377.03	3,033	11/00
Financial Position (million yen a	nd Thousand	U.S. dollars	5)			
Total assets	¥39,313	¥43,820	¥46,335	¥49,426	¥56,009	\$457,63
Net assets	24,745	26,756	28,387	29,022	32,066	262,0
Interest-bearing debt	500	853	1,106	3,875	5,315	43,4
■ Cash Flows (million yen and Th	ousand U.S. d	lollars)				
Cash flows from operating activities	¥2,429	¥2,699	¥4,385	¥4,196	¥1,227	\$10,0
Cash flows from investing activities	(506)	(1,551)	(5,205)	(2,264)	(2,373)	(19,39
Cash flows from financing activities	(703)	(915)	(992)	1,060	(22)	(18
Cash and cash equivalents, end of	9,893	10,133	8,305	11,317	10,164	83,0
year						
■ Per Share Information (Yen and	d U.S. dollars)					
Profit attributable to owners of	d U.S. dollars) ¥94.25	¥102.65	¥107.46	¥59.60	¥87.26	\$0.
•			¥107.46	¥59.60 1,110.01	¥87.26 1,170.84	
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share	¥94.25	¥102.65				9.!
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share	¥94.25 922.62	¥102.65 996.99	1,071.09	1,110.01	1,170.84	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators	¥94.25 922.62	¥102.65 996.99	1,071.09	1,110.01	1,170.84	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share	¥94.25 922.62 24.00	¥102.65 996.99 26.00	1,071.09 29.00	1,110.01 31.00	1,170.84 32.00	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%) Current ratio (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7 219.9	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7 200.9	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8 181.1	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8 167.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8 157.6	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%) Current ratio (%) D/E ratio (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7 219.9 2.0	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7 200.9 3.2	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8 181.1 3.9	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8 167.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8 157.6 17.7	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%) Current ratio (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7 219.9	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7 200.9	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8 181.1	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8 167.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8 157.6	9.
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%) Current ratio (%) D/E ratio (%) Fixed ratio (%) Ratio of retained earnings to total	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7 219.9 2.0 42.4	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7 200.9 3.2 47.1	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8 181.1 3.9 61.5	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8 167.6 13.4 61.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8 157.6 17.7 71.0	9.!
Profit attributable to owners of parent per share Net assets per share Dividend per share Financial Indicators Gross profit margin (%) Ordinary income margin (%) Profit attributable to owners of parent margin (%) Total asset turnover (%) Financial leverage (Times) ROE (%) ROA (%) Equity ratio (%) DOE (%) Current ratio (%) D/E ratio (%) Fixed ratio (%) Ratio of retained earnings to total assets (%)	¥94.25 922.62 24.00 ¥21.5 6.9 4.8 139.3 1.6 10.7 6.7 62.8 2.7 219.9 2.0 42.4	¥102.65 996.99 26.00 ¥21.6 7.0 4.8 139.1 1.6 10.7 6.6 61.0 2.7 200.9 3.2 47.1	1,071.09 29.00 ¥22.4 6.9 4.7 134.4 1.6 10.4 6.4 61.2 2.8 181.1 3.9 61.5	1,110.01 31.00 ¥22.8 5.8 2.6 124.4 1.7 5.4 3.3 58.7 2.8 167.6 13.4 61.6	1,170.84 32.00 ¥22.3 5.8 3.5 125.5 1.9 7.7 4.3 53.7 2.8 157.6 17.7 71.0	\$0.7 9.5 0.2

EBITDA = Income before income taxes + Interest expenses + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill
 Total asset turnover = Net sales / Total assets of average two

^{**3} Financial leverage = Total assets / (Net assets – Subscription rights to shares – Non-controlling interests)

**4 ROE = Profit attributable to owners of parent / (Net assets – Subscription rights to shares – Non-controlling interests)

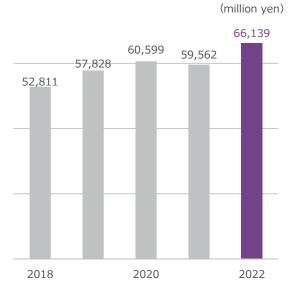
**5 ROA = Profit attributable to owners of parent / Total assets of average two years. average two years

Equity ratio = (Net assets - Subscription rights to shares - Non-controlling interests) / Total assets
 Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities
 D/E ratio = Interest-bearing debt / (Net assets - Subscription rights to shares - Non-controlling interests)
 Fixed ratio = Non-current assets / (Net assets - Subscription rights to shares - Non-controlling interests)

Consolidated Financial Performance

■Net sales

66,139 million yen 11.0 % UP



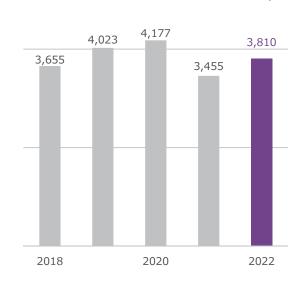
■Ordinary income

3,810 million yen

10.3 % UP



(million yen)



■ Profit attributable to owners of parent

2,284 million yen

46.4 % UP

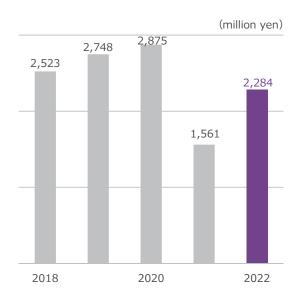


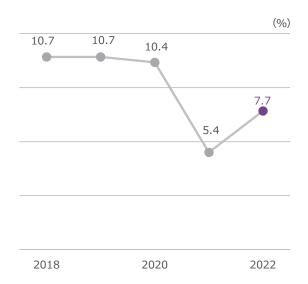
■ Return on Equity (ROE)

7.7%

2.3 point UP







(%)

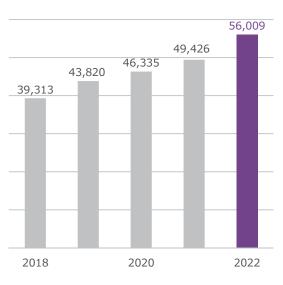
■Total assets

56,009 million yen

13.3 % UP



(million yen)



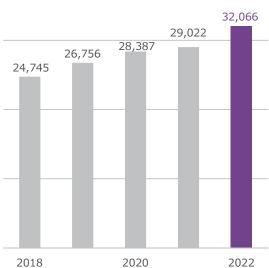
■ Net assets

32,066 million yen

10.5 % UP



(million yen)



■ Dividend per share

32.00 yen

1 yen UP



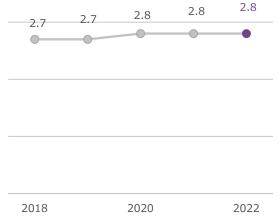
■ Dividend on Equity ratio (DOE)

2.8 %

0.0 point DOWN



26.00 24.00 2018 2020 2022



KONDOTEC REPORT 2022

Environment / Social / Governance

From the Establishment of Corporate Identity (CI) to ESG Basic Policy

KONDO IRON WORKS Co.,Ltd. which started as a private concern, changed its company name in 1989, almost 30 years ago. While it was a time when the concept of ESG has yet to be born, our corporate identity was established with the wish to "Be a company which continues to develop regardless of how society and the economy change, and which is indispensable for society." The sprit remains the same today, and is inherited in the ESG Basic Policy.



Logo

This logo uses the first letter of KONDOTEC "K" as the motif, implying the following meaning expressed in the corporate philosophy:

Proactive development of new technologies



This shape of placing the foot firmly on the ground and aiming for further ascendance expresses our stance of striving to develop new technologies to establish our own brand based on the accumulated technologies and know-how.

Harmony of people and technologies



This expresses a company that is formed from the balance and harmony between people and technologies. It also expresses the harmony and trust among employees, between companies and with surrounding local communities.

Excellent human resources and progress into the future



The uprising vector expresses excellent human resources who make progress and grow continuously into the future. It expresses the movement of their strong aspiration working on proactive development of new technologies and leading to further development.

■ Corporate Color [Deep green]

Green trees, the color of whose leaves in hills and fields keep deep green without change through four seasons and thus has been regarded as a "happy color" since ancient times. Their leaves of deep green create oxygen through photosynthesis benefiting the whole world. The Company has selected "deep green" as its corporate color because we also strongly wish to be a company that continues to develop regardless of how society and the economy change, and which is indispensable for society.





KONDO News • CI special issue (extra edition)



Example of CI used (mailed items, seals)



Company badge worn

ESG Basic Policy Outline (1)

The figure shows the targets to be achieved and their issues in each ESG area. In identifying the materiality of the Company, we considered the relationship with 17 SDGs goals to sort out materiality.

	ying the materiality of the Company, we consider the Materiality of the Company of the Materiality of the Company of the Company of the Materiality of		Relevant SDG s
	(1)Provision of optimal products and merchandise for environmental measures	Products and merchandise handled by the Company (Presentation of environment related products and merchandise)	9 MODEL MONTHS 12 MODELLES OFFICIAL SERVICE 13 ALBERT ALBE
Environment	(2)Business activities paying attention to the environment	Initiatives for environmental protection and energy-saving	12 novement as notation as not
		Management of emissions (material balance)	
	(1)Product liability and quality assurance	Quality control of products and merchandise	4 DALITY SHARING SHARI
Social		Stance for security and safety	
	(2)Procurement and provision of high-value-added products, merchandise and services	Provision of better products, merchandise and services for customers	9 Modern Modernia 17 Parlindores 17 Parlindores Section Sec

We will solve the issues of each materiality in management going forward to realize a sustainable society.

Current specific initiatives	Future issues
Expansion of the handling of environment related merchandise Sale of LED/solar power related merchandise	Utilization of ISO26000 Manufacturing of products with further due consideration to the environment New product and merchandise development for renewable energy facilities Increased number of product sales related to environment
Identify risks and opportunities related to climate change Implementation of energy-saving measures (switch to LED lighting, achieving 10% cut in power usage) Installation of solar power generation Information dissemination on internal and external environment Acquisition of ISO14001 at Kanto Factory, Shiga Factory and Kyusyu Factory Use EVs as Company cars Switch to renewable energy sources to supply power to Head Office facilities	Support of the TCFD, development of more specific strategy Promotion of lighting equipment switch works at operating sites which have not switched to LED lighting Purchase of environment-friendly items for office supplies Budgeting of expenses for environmental measures Expansion of ISO14001-certified factories, and implementation on continual improvements
Management of factory drainage Inspect and review the oil separation tub as necessary for appropriate storage and disposal of used oil in the factory Implementation of self-inspection on water distribution and land oil by a specialized organization Confirmed the figures which met the criteria	
Replacement of the transformer at the Kyushu Factory with high-efficiency transformers	Replacement of equipment (measures against deterioration and decay)
Reduce transportation costs and greenhouse gases emissions by deploying 4 factories across the country Reduce transportation costs, greenhouse gases emissions and realize quick deliveries with each operating site having inventories	Strengthening logistics facility functions ${\rm CO_2}$ emissions calculation during upstream and downstream transportation.
Participation in environmental conservation activities (Implementation of cool/warm biz, Implementation of forest preservation activities and cleaning activities, Participation in "Fun to Share") Use of plant ink for business reports (shareholder letters)	Participation in environmental conservation activities in each region
Submission of the regular report to the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry every year	Establishment of specific reduction plan of greenhouse gases emissions (environmental vision) Introduction of EMS
Compliance with JIS, Ministry certifications, and other industry standards Establishment of the Department to have the audit function, for quality assurance of in-house manufactured products including standardized products and others	Continuous provision of products and merchandise with high market value Increase and securing of personnel who
Implementation of quality inspection by various inspection organizations Establishment of the Quality Management Section in our factories Sale of highly safe products and merchandise	can do marketing of technologies based on accurate knowledge
Improvement of production capacity and product development technologies by utilizing CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. and Mechatro Laboratory	Increase in initiatives for labor-saving and flexible manpower line
Meeting on complaints, information sharing	
Implementation of study groups for customers, education of personnel who can handle products based on accurate knowledge regardless of inside or outside of the Company	Dromoting marchandica management
Clear description in catalogues of usage methods, points to note and disposal standards	Promoting merchandise management using the "Tsurikata" inspection site for lifting equipment
Introduction of internal training and the lifting equipment advisor system	Increase in the lifting equipment advisor who passed Promotion of seminar on lifting equipment held outside the Company
Provision of a broad range of products and merchandise aiding in robust infrastructure development required for social activities (handling about 50,000 items) Realization of low prices and short delivery times for products and merchandise, including JIS-certified products Provision of products and merchandise to diverse industries responding to the times and needs of customers (Development of new merchandise and merchandise to be imported by the New Merchandise Committee)	
Cultivation of suppliers which offer lower prices (including OEM and imports), scale merits by purchasing together by a unit of containers	Development of systems to ensure quality as well Strengthening of China Plus One initiatives
Expansion business in the maintenance/repair field mainly by Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd., TECBUILD CO., LTD., TOKAI STEP CO. LTD and FUKOKU, Ltd. Expansion of aluminum product sales via KURIYAMA ALUMINIUM Co., Ltd.	Provision of products, merchandise, and services created with synergies among KONDOTEC and group companies
Productivity improvement through exhaustive process management Production innovation through capital investment in Factories	Deployment to all factories
	KONDOTEC REPORT 2022 40

ESG Basic Policy Outline (2)

	Materiali	ty	Relevant SDGs
	(3)Communication with stakeholders	Engagement with stakeholders	12 consumina to co
	(4)Appropriate information disclosure and security	Stance for information disclosure	
		Information security measures	
	(5)Co-existence with local communities	Operating site opening plan Response to disasters and contributions to	8 BOOK HORN AD IN GROUND COUNTY OF THE COUNTY OF T
		Risk control for disasters and others	3 COORDINATION 8 DECENT MORE AND SAME ASSESSMENTS
Social	(6)Safety measures and work style reform	For employees' health, safety and hygiene	
		Policy on human resources development	4 description 5 description of the state of
	(7)Human resources development and diversity	Diversity	
		Employee benefits	
Governance	(1)Strengthening of corporate governance	Corporate governance	16 MAG. MICHAEL MICHAE
25. G. Hallee	(2)Thorough compliance	Compliance Basic Policy	

Current specific initiatives	Future issues
Participation in IR events for individual investors	Consideration of exposure to various media such as newspapers and commercials to improve name recognition
Implementation of IR meetings with institutional investors Holding of briefings for institutional investors	Increase in the IR meetings
Implementation of acquisition of treasury stocks Preparation of the notice of General meeting of shareholders in English Preparation of the integrated report in English Implementation of IR meetings with overseas investors Adoption of a system allowing the exercise of voting rights over the Internet, or through other electromagnetic means	Enhancement of IR documents in English Development of personnel who are fluent in English
Use of universal design font for deliveries to shareholders (for easy reading by everyone) Actively providing information to business partners	Preparation of business report in English
Upload of disclosure documents on the Company website	Consideration of facilitating financial settlement operations (Disclosure
Disclosure in corporate governance report Consideration of information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations Management of customer/shareholder information Management of employees' personal information	within 31 days of the closing date) Enhancement of information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations Implementation of specific measures against cyber attacks
Selection of possible areas to capture demand Selection of the site for opening operating site paying due consideration to the nuisance for neighbors Employment promotion through operating sites across the country	Formulation and promotion of operating site opening plan according to the needs of communities
Possible to provide products and merchandise immediately even at the time of local disasters by having inventories at operating sites across Japan Introduction of the risk control manual	Opening of operating sites in prefectures where there is no base
Introduction of the risk control manual Transfer of the core system to the data center Introduction of dual head offices system Safe driving training for new employees, Introduction of telematics	Examination of the effectiveness of the risk control manual
No accident campaign Sharing of accident reports, warning for the whole company Management of driver's license information Bringing the "Traffic accident handling card" when driving company cars	Further increasing the consciousness about safe driving Decrease in the number of traffic accidents
Decision on policy to adopt safety devices for company cars such as automated brakes Introduction of the drive recorder for company cars	
Promotion of safe driving awareness raising activities (formulation and dissemination of the Five Rules for Safe Driving)	
Work style reform Reduction of collection by sales staff (promotion of transfer to Densai) Reduction of internal documents and review of approval authority Digitalization of salary statement, Introduction of the workflow system	Improvement in the acquisition rate of paid vacation Reinforcement of the management system for employees' working hours Securing of manpower
Implementation of regular health check-ups and stress checks Implementation of counter-measures for the infection (introduction of work from home schemes, subsidies for vaccination costs, etc.) Implementation of counter-measures for heatstroke at factories	Expansion of the employee consultation center
Monthly regular safety patrols Holding of Safety and Health Committee	Decrease in industrial accidents at factories and operating sites
Implementation of regular training Award (reward) system for operating sites and individuals according to sales results and President's Award etc. Introduction of one-to-one instructional guidance schemes Online education freely available to all employees and assistance for expenses to acquire	Introduction of more appropriate personnel evaluation, and spread of the self declaration system for transfer request, etc. Securing and development of experts in
qualifications Non-discriminatory hiring policy	digital technologies Increase in female managers and
Diversity and training policy for human resources Maternity leave/childcare leave/support for returning to work, recruitment of qualified people and foreign students studying in Japan Creation of track & field club	recruitment of handicapped persons Acquisition of Kurumin (next generation support certification), establishment of a day-care center, and improvement in the ratio of taking maternity leave/childcare leave and returning to work Acquisition of certification as a leading company for the participation of women in the workplace
Employee shareholders association system, Introduction of the restricted stock remuneration plan Introduction of GLTD (Group Long Term Disability income indemnity insurance) Introduction of a system of rented accommodations provided by the Company	Development of the awareness about stock price of the Company through the implementation of internal IR
Increase in the number of Outside Directors Evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors Prevention of the manifestation of potential costs by the development of governance system	Reinforcement based on improvement proposals Increase in the ratio of Outside Directors
Establishment of a Nomination and Compensation Committee, Transition to a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee Implementation of investments being conscious of capital costs	Improvement in the effectiveness of internal audit
Compliance action guideline, Formulation of a compliance manual, and implementation of employee education	
Thorough checks on anti-social forces before transaction Information exchange and development of communication system between police and the companies Membership in Crime Prevention Association	Securing of manpower Simplification of operations
Frembership in Chine Freychaon Association	KONDOTEC REPORT 2022 42

NVIRONMENT

Environmental Policy

Since its foundation in 1953, KONDOTEC has created and co-existed with future environmental value and engaged in business activities paying due consideration to the environment for the realization of a sustainable society, while contributing to the creation of an affluent society through the enhancement of social infrastructure by providing products and merchandise to various industries over a half century.

- 1. We will comply with legal regulations and matters agreed on by the Company for the environment regarding business activities, products and services
- 2. We will endeavor to reduce environmental burdens, reduce environmental pollution risks, and protect biological diversity and ecological systems by saving energy and resources, promoting recycling, reducing waste, reducing the consumption of chemical substances and engaging in green procurement.
- 3. We will continue to improve our activities by utilizing the environmental management system, setting environmental targets to achieve the Environmental Policy, conducting evaluations on environmental performance, and reviewing them regularly.
- 4. We will thoroughly inform all employees of the Environmental Policy and endeavor to conduct necessary education and enlightenment activities to engage in environment conservation activities.

Provision of Optimal Products and Merchandise for Environmental Measures







Expansion of the handling of environment related merchandise (Presentation of products and merchandise)

Oil hunter



This is an eco-mark certified oil absorption mat using recycled materials. It is used for the disposing of oil at the time of marine pollution caused by oil spills and at factories which use oil.

Hardware for CLT construction



[Certified X mark metal product] Double end stub bolt set M20 (RSP2.3×45×147/ RSP2.3×45×82)

Our double end stub bolt set manufactured at our Shiga Factory is certified as an "x (cross mark) hardware" for meeting the requirements for metallic hardware used in CLT panel construction (set by the Japan Housing and Wood Technology Center). The metallic hardware standard for CLT panel construction is a standard for metallic hardware used in construction works using CLT, a next-generation lumber material that contributes to reducing CO₂ emissions.

Merchandise using renewable plastics





KONDOTEC also offers recycled PP strapping merchandise made from plastic collected from consumers (left photo), and construction deck plates made from biomass plastics (right photo), both of which an Eco Mark certified.

TOPICS

Introduction of environmentally-friendly packaging materials

In addition to the sale of environmentally-friendly products and merchandise, KONDOTEC is using PP band made from renewable plastic as a packaging material for shipping the Company's products and merchandise. We have also made improvements to how the PP band is applied in an effort to reduce packaging materials.

Business Activities Paying Attention to the Environment







Response to climate change and information disclosure in line with TCFD recommendations

At KONDOTEC, in considering a path for sustainable growth, we do take into account the significant impact issues associated with climate change will have on future business activities. We are currently taking steps to recognize the impact our business activities have on the environment by management of emissions, and other measures.

P46

We view the shift to a low-carbon society as a key opportunity for us, and looking ahead we will look to pursue information disclosure in line with TCFD recommendations, while implementing measures addressing climate change.

Risk management system

In collaboration with all divisions Company-wide, SDGs Promotion Department compile, assess, and identify risks and opportunities facing the Company in relation to climate change. Climate-related risks and opportunities that have been assessed and identified are reported to the Board of Directors for further supervision.

Main risks and opportunities associated with climate change

Climate-related risks and opportunities currently identified through extensive discussion with each Company division are outlined in the table below. The corresponding SDG targets are sized according to their degree of relevance.

Looking ahead, we will delve deeper into ways we can continue to better serve society, including strengthening current value creation processes, and in the specific ways we tackle issues that come to

light, and tie this back to information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations.

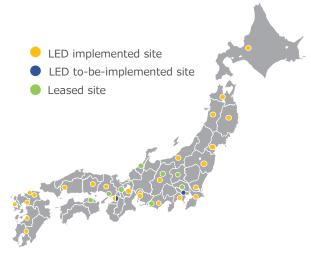
		Item	Risks	Opportunities	Degree of impact	Future issues	Corresponding SDGs
	Politica	Introduction of a carbon tax	Increased costs through the implementation of a carbon tax on CO ₂ emissions from business activities (mainly the manufacturing process and logistics)	Business expansion related to renewable energy Reduction of CO2 emissions and transportation costs by developing local suppliers to promote local production and consumption		Bolster procurement capabilities and production system for increased demand for products used in renewable energy facilities	7
Transition scenarios	Political policy and laws and regulations	Tightening of regulations concerning low carbon initiatives	Impact on business performance by disrupted supply-demand balance due to reduced production at blast furnace companies and decreased construction demand Increased construction costs of energy-saving facilities, rising purchasing prices Possibility of being eliminated from the market if not compliant with regulation related to supporting low carbon Strengthened regulation on existing products and merchandise	Increased demand for low carbon facility development (wooden construction , etc.) Increased possibilities for product ideas and development related to eco and environment through a wide range of commercial channels Enhanced market value via disclosure that promotes environmental measures	Major	Reduction of energy consumption and introduction of energy-saving facilities and equipment at factories Strengthen synergies with Group companies (promoting sales of solar power generation facilities and LED lighting, enhanced facility development capacity) Review changes to environmentally-friendly products and merchandise and packaging materials Inspect low carbon initiatives at partner factories and suppliers	17 ====================================
	Market	Promoting the spread of renewable energy	 Fluctuations in purchasing prices and the cost of raw materials due to sudden and unexpected changes in energy costs 	Increase in orders due to an increase in renewable energy facilities		partner factories and suppliers	
Tangible scenarios	Acute	The normalization of extraordinary climate events causing massive damage, including frequent typhoons and torrential rainfall	Impact on the supply of raw materials and merchandise due to damages to the supply chain	Increased opportunity to sell disaster preparation merchandise Increased demand for repair an reinforcement work on rivers and banks	Major	Expand the lineup and inventory of disaster preparation products and merchandise Expand sales channels for products and merchandise used in civil engineering works Ensure multiple avenues for purchasing Prepare logistics simulations and plans for emergencies Utilization of the logistics network between operating sites	9==== II
OS .	Chronic	Rising in the average temperature Changes in rainfall patterns Extreme variability in weather patterns	Reduced productivity due to heat stroke and other factors brought on by temperature rises Construction delays due to rainfall and strong winds, etc.	Increased opportunity to sell seasonal merchandise addressing heat stroke and other issues		Expansion in our seasonal merchandise lineup Promotion of greenery on office and factory premises Setting of break times and drink times during periods of rising temperatures	9=== &

■ Initiatives for Environmental protection and Energy-saving

Energy-saving initiatives (LED installations, renewing deteriorating transformer facilities, Achieving 10% cut in power usage)

In 2015, we completed installing LED lighting in factories and are currently in the process of installing LED lighting in our operating sites. Having completed installation in operating sites we own, we will further proceed with LED installation in operating sites we lease. In addition, we are renewing deteriorating transformer facilities in factories, replacing the aging transformers with high-efficiency transformers.

These LED installations are being carried out in cooperation with Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd., our subsidiary and wholesaler of electric equipment. We promote transparency of power usage by making the monthly power usage information open to all operating sites and conducting analyses and comparisons of data. We have been updating energy-saving daily with a view to reducing power usage in our operating sites by 10% year on year.



Installation Solar power generation

Our two factories, Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. and TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. operate the solar power generation system as the installation model in our power sales business.

Our subsidiary Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. and our Structural Steel Sales Division handle parts of solar power generation systems and frames respectively, and we pursue sales by leveraging synergistic effects.

Transition of annual power generation (thousand kWh)



Environmental conservation activities

As part of efforts to reduce CO_2 emissions, KONDOTEC has begun plans to replace Company cars with EVs, and to switch to renewable energy sources to power Company facilities. Such moves to EVs and renewable energy power sources have already gotten underway at our Head Office in 2021.

We are also working daily to promote an interest in environmental conservation efforts through efforts to clean up neighboring areas, implementing a warm biz/cool biz system, and by disseminating information through our Company newsletter.



COOLBIZ

Quick delivery by four-factory structure and inventories at each operating site

We have established factories at four locations in Japan (Hokkaido, Ibaraki, Shiga and Fukuoka), with made-to-order products such as braces and anchor bolts produced at and shipped from the nearest factory to the customer. Using the fourfactory structure, we reduce environmental burdens and transportation costs as well as deliver products quickly.

For products and merchandise which can be stored as inventories, in addition to inventories at logistics centers, we keep a certain amount at warehouses established at individual operating sites so that we can respond to abrupt demand while realizing environmental burdens and cost reduction ,and quick delivery.

Acquisition of ISO14001

We obtained ISO14001, international standards for environmental management, at three of our factories, engaging in environment-friendly operations for factories. Going forward, we will aim to achieve ISO14001 in all four factories.

■ Management of emissions (Material balance)

CO₂ emissions comparison

CO₂ emissions from the company in the past 5 years. *KONDOTEC non-consolidated

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
CO ₂ emissions (t-CO ₂) *	3,885	3,630	3,000	2,869	2,917

^{*} Scope 1, 2 (excluding direct emissions from the use of company cars)

Material balance

The following illustrates the overall input-output balance and expenditures and revenues during the course from research and development to manufacturing within the business activities of KONDOTEC.

* Actual results of four factories are used.

INPUT

D	Iron and steel	28,786 t
Raw materials	Coating Material	77.3m ³
	Electricity	5,585 thousand kWh
	Natural gas	0m³∙N or PJ
Energy	LPG	62 t
Lifergy	Diesel fuel	5kl
	Kerosene	13kℓ
	Heavy oil	1kℓ
Irrigation water	Water	4,216m³



Production	Iron & steel products	28,453 t
Air emission	CO ₂	2,359 t
Industrial waste/byproduct	Recycled volume	2,488 t
	Amount of outsourced disposal	202 t
Drainage	Water	4,216m³

FY 2022

< Expenditure relating to environmental protection >

Kanto Factory: 80t press clutch ASSY replacement / reduction of oil leaks (1 million yen)

Disposal expenses of industrial/general waste (3 million yen)

Expenses related to ongoing certification inspections of environmental management

systems (0 million yen)

Expenses related to external environmental training (0 million yen)

Kyusyu Factory: Upgrading of deteriorating air hammer anti-vibration device (12 million yen)

Replacement of LED in office (1 million yen)

Recycled oil collection and transportation costs (0 million yen) Industrial waste collection transportation processing (3 million yen)

Updating of aged fire extinguisher, local ventilation system for welding (7 million yen)

< Revenues relating to environmental protection >

Revenues in business for recycling waste (e.g. steel scraps) generated from major business activities or recycling used products, etc. (113 million yen)

Social

Product Liability and Quality Assurance





As a wholesale company with a manufacturing function, we strive to provide security and safety to customers through the maintenance of the quality of products and merchandise we handle, as well as the development and improvement of products.

This section presents our quality control system and the education conducted for our employees on the knowledge of products and merchandise regarding safety.

Quality Control of products and merchandise

From the perspective of providing safe, quality products, all of our factories have achieved ISO9001. In addition, to further enhance the quality of products we handle, the Quality Control Section has been established in our factory and the section performs strength testing and inspections on a day-to-day basis in an effort to increase safety of products.

Further, the SDGs Promotion Department, acting under the direct supervision of the President, is engaged in auditing quality assurance matters.







Regarding external standards for products manufactured in-house, we are producing products in compliance with the standards of various industries, including the acquisition of the

Acquisition of certification of JIS and industry group

products in compliance with the standards of various industries, including the acquisition of th Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) certification (see table on the right). Scaffolding chains was awarded the first certification from the Scaffolding and Construction Equipment Association of Japan.

Regarding products other than those from our directly operated factories (OEM products), our technology service staff or procurement section staff visits OEM contractors in Japan and abroad to give technical instruction.

Moreover, our Directors serve as committee members of industry groups such as the Construction Turn Buckle Council of Japan and Anchor Bolt Manufacturer Association, etc., indicating their responsibility to comply with product standards by participating as committee members.

Response to complaints

In the event that a complaint is raised, we first has the sales representative meet with the customer and prepare a report. When there is a need to investigate the cause, if the case pertains to a product manufactured in-house, the Quality Control Section in our factory takes the necessary steps, while if the case pertains to procured merchandise, we take steps jointly

with the supplier. We have a mechanism to share complaints whereby holding a meeting on complaints (irregularly held) and cases that should be shared on a corporate-wide basis are addressed to the entire organization by issuing a sales report or guidance to draw attention in order to share information.

Standard certification list for products manufactured in-house

in Manufacturing Headquarters

JIS no.	Product name
JIS A 5540	Turnbuckle for building
JIS A 5541	Body of turnbuckle for building
JIS B 1220	Set of anchor bolt for structures
JIS B 2809	Wire ropes-Grips for rope or wire strand
Standardization body name	Product name
Scaffolding and Construction Equipment Association of Japan	Suspension chain
Scaffolding and Construction Equipment Association of Japan	Suspension chain clamp
Scaffolding and Construction Equipment Association of Japan	Suspension chain adjuster
Japan Housing and Wood Technology Center	Compound screw bolt nut M20

Technical strength through co-creation with group companies

Mechatro Laboratory (former Mechatro Engineering Co., Ltd.) came under KONDOTEC INC. by purchasing business in January 2019. We engage in product development and development of labor-saving lines by adding the technological strengths of Mechatro Laboratory to CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. which is our group company. Thus far, CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. has developed brace manufacturing lines in the factory and automated chain cutters for chain slings.

We will continue striving to improve the production capacity for the Company's products using synergies with group companies.

CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd.

This company has strengths in design and manufacturing of various machine devices, laborsaving equipment and transport devices etc., realizing labor-saving for the Company's factories.



design and manufacturing of various machine devices, labor-saving equipment and transport devices







Pewag chain sling

Mechatro Laboratory (former Mechatro Engineering Co., Ltd.)

This company has strengths in design and manufacturing of labor-saving, image processing equipment, various inspection equipment, and inspection tools among others. It is expected to improve the confirmation quality of factory products utilizing excellent capabilities for image inspection technologies (color discrimination inspection and appearance inspection).

Provide high-value-added products

Mechatro Laboratory

design and manufacturing of labor-saving, image processing equipment

Stance for Security and Safety

We believe that by providing knowledge about handling when we provide products and merchandise to customers, they can use them more securely and safely. For that purpose, we prescribe the handling methods in the comprehensive catalogue and pamphlets, etc., issued by the Company, and clearly describe the matters to note and the standards for disposal.

Moreover, for our employees to obtain the correct knowledge about products and merchandise, we offer many opportunities to learn by: conducting training on our core products of lifting equipment and temporary construction materials, steel related materials, and products manufactured in-house, and by holding study groups for new products by inviting suppliers (manufacturers), etc., among others.



Demonstration of assembly at the temporary construction materials training



Collaboration

Welding practice at steel material training



↑ Examples of pages on usage method described in the "Lifting equipment catalogue" issued by the Company



Study group by suppliers



Site visit during Kyushu factory training

Implementing study groups for customers

In order for products and merchandise of the Company to be used safely, we host study groups across Japan responding to requests from various industry groups including customers. Technical service staff of the Company (belonging to Tokyo/Osaka head offices) become lecturers to provide information about safe lifting operations at study groups. We would like to contribute to our customers' efforts to create safe environments by letting as many people as possible understand about safety.



Voluntary quality control activities (QC activities)

We engage in quality control activities (QC activities) at every manufacturing division of factories for the purpose of improving quality control systems. We strive to develop an understanding about quality control throughout the whole factory by hosting presentations of activity results annually, to award divisions which make excellent presentations and share proposals for improvement through presentations among others.





Presentations of QC activities in Kyushu Factory

Internally certified qualification "Lifting equipment advisor"

For the purpose of public relations for our corporate image as a lifting equipment manufacturer and improvement in employee knowledge of products and merchandise and abilities to propose and sell, we introduced the "Lifting equipment advisor" system as an internally certified qualification in 2015. Employees can be qualified as a "Lifting equipment advisor" after external safety/hygiene education, obtaining public qualifications, participating in internal three-day seminars, and passing the written examination. By the end of March 2022, 61 employees had

become qualified as lifting equipment advisors, and engage in not only supplying lifting equipment but also providing their knowledge at operating sites across Japan.

Moreover, while Technical service staff at Osaka/Tokyo head offices have been in charge of seminars on lifting equipment for people outside the Company, with lifting equipment advisors coming into existence study groups on lifting equipment can now be held all over Japan.

<Lifting equipment advisor Seminar schedule>

Internal seminar

· Lectures, practices, and examination at Kyushu factory (three days)

External seminar

- Slinging skill seminar (three days)
- · Slinging operator safety/hygiene education (one day)
- · Wire rope safety inspection standards seminar (one day)







operation

74.7% Lifting equipment advisor Pass rate (Including those who passed after retaking the test)

Procurement and Provision of High-Value-added Products, Merchandise and Services







As a manufacturer and wholesale company, the Company develops and sells products and merchandise which satisfy customers. This section introduces initiatives of the Company to procure and provide products, merchandise and services.

Provision of Products, Merchandise and Services responding to Changes in the Times and Needs of Customers

In addition to providing necessary materials for the construction of hard infrastructure, the Company deals with materials for recovery/reconstruction used at the time of disasters and any other items needed at construction sites.

After its foundation, the Company sold hardware for vessels, and subsequently started dealing with construction materials during the high growth period; we currently provide more than 50,000 products and merchandise. At the New Merchandise Committee held every other month, sales staff propose to deal with new products and merchandise based on the needs of customers, generating numerous hot selling products and merchandise from the adopted proposals.

At present, we also operate the "Tsurikata" inspection site for lifting equipment to simplify the individual management and inspection of merchandise centered on cargo handling equipment.

Moreover, we not only sell products and merchandise but also proactively disclose information and provide services on the Company website. Besides web catalogues and technical information, we will continue to not only sell products and merchandise but to also provide high-value-added services, such as disclosing software to support the selection of wire ropes according to the weight of lifted loads.



"Box Wall" Flood protection system for severe local rainstorms



■ Cultivation of Suppliers and Efficient Purchase, Management and Delivery

To make bulk purchases of merchandise from suppliers, the Company has logistics center at two bases in Japan (Osaka and Ibaraki) as well as one base in China. We are reducing the cost of purchase by delivering in-demand merchandise to operating sites using in-house delivery systems after purchasing them in bulk from manufacturers in Japan and abroad ,and storing in logistics center.

Moreover, we always take a stance of reviewing costs by having established the Delivery Division to constantly find better suppliers as well as concluding OEM production contracts with manufacturers.

Furthermore, we can search on our own system for the status of inventories at logistics center or individual operating sites. As a result, by grasping the status of inventories at our own sites in real time, we can measure the timing for our own sites to purchase inventories as well as immediately reply to inquiries from customers. For deliveries, we have a system to deliver to customers safely and quickly by employees of the Company or cooperating companies.



Entry into the new field

The Company is currently investing in prospective growth fields going forward (overseas, maintenance/repair for the aging of social infrastructure, and labor-saving in response to labor shortages and work-style reforms) in an aim to achieve sustainable growth and improve corporate value over the long-term while responding to changes in the business environment.

Among such efforts, we have acquired three companies with a solid customer base in the field of installation/removal of temporary scaffolds used at civil engineering sites and repair sites, among others, to expand businesses in the maintenance/repair field in response to the increasing number of the aging of social infrastructure (table below). In addition, Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. was established in April 2021 as an intermediate holding company managing of these three companies. The three companies each have different business areas of focus, and specialize in different construction projects. We hope to coordinate the operations

of these three companies under the leadership of Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. to create synergies by expanding the areas of business covered through the increased sharing of knowhow between the companies.

At the same time, there is a tendency in the construction and temporary scaffolding industries to replace the main material of iron with aluminum, which is suitable for weight saving. Therefore, the demand for aluminum is expected to rise. Given this condition, KONDOTEC has acquired KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd., which is involved in the manufacturing and development of aluminum extrusions, in aiming to expand our product and merchandise line up with new materials.

Going forward, we will continue striving to enter new fields to realize sustainable growth and improve corporate value in the medium to long term, while endeavoring to generate further synergies by utilizing our wide range of business fields as the KONDOTEC Group.

Group companies assumed the maintenance/repair field

Group companies assumed the maintenance/repair neid					
	Т	ECBUILD CO., LTD.	TOKAI STEP CO., LTD.	FUKOKU, Ltd.	
Location	(Head office) Ota-ku, Tokyo (Business area) Kanto, Hokuriku, Kansai, Chugoku, Kyusyu		(Head office) Fujieda-shi, Shizuoka (Business area) Kanto, Tokai	(Head office) Sendai-shi, Miyagi (Business area) Tohoku	
Specialty	low-rise buildings Rental of scaffolding equipment		mid to high-rise buildings low-rise buildings Accommodation construction	Bridge mid to high-rise buildings Aqueduct bridge repair	
(Intermediate holding company) Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd.					
Location	1	(Head office) Koto-ku,	Tokyo		
Business ar	reas	Management of subsidi	aries that provide scaffolding co	nstruction services	

Strengthening of collaboration

- Expanding businesses further in the maintenance/repair field
- Sustainable growth and improvement in medium to long term corporate value

Production Innovation through Capital Investment in Factories

We invest in production facilities based on the annual plan to improve quality and productivity at factories. In FY2019, we newly established a plant on the premises of Shiga Factory which realized labor-saving through the introduction of robots, aiming to promote work style reform and solve labor shortages.

At the plant, we strive to improve productivity by changing the processes undertaken by workers manually erenow to welding, transportation and assembly by robots. If productivity is improved, we plan to expand the system horizontally to other plants.

The Company's Medium-term Management Plan from FY2023 to FY2025 plans to make capital

investments of about 9 billion yen for the replacement of production equipment and relocation/rebuilding of bases.

Shiga Factory No. 2 Plant		
Address	Hino-cho, Gamo-gun, Shiga	
Total floor area	About 4,095m	
Investment	About 440 million yen	
Operation start date	April 1, 2019	



Introduced Robots

Communication with Stakeholders



We offer fair, accurate and speedy information disclosure in an effort to have all stakeholders deepen their understanding of the KONDOTEC Group.

We recognize the importance of having stakeholders gain an understanding of the KONDOTEC Group. For this reason, we bear in mind the need to offer careful explanations to stakeholders as well as to ensure fair, accurate and speedy information disclosure.

Further, in order to contribute to improvement the corporate value of the KONDOTEC Group, we work to enhance our earnings capability by pursuing strategic investment by M&A and other means, as well as actively expanding business investment aimed at growth. At the same time, we take initiatives to improve capital efficiency.

■ IR policy

1.Basic policy

KONDOTEC will make efforts to have all stakeholders, including shareholders and investors, gain a better understanding about our Company and will disclose important information on the Company by considering fairness, accuracy and timeliness in order to support stakeholders make appropriate assessments.

2.Information disclosure standards

KONDOTEC will conduct information disclosure in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other relevant laws and also with the timely disclosure rules set forth by the stock exchange on which the stock of the Company is listed. KONDOTEC will also actively disclose information not required to be disclosed under laws, regulations and rules if such information is judged to be useful for shareholders and investors.

3.Information disclosure methods

KONDOTEC will disclose information via the Timely Disclosure Network (TDnet) provided by the stock exchange as well as actively make use of the Company's website in an effort to conduct fair and speedy information disclosure.

4. Future projections

Future operating performance projections that the Company releases are based on data available at the time of making the release. Actual results may differ considerably from projections due to various factors and changes.

5. IR quiet period

In order to prevent leakage of financial results information and ensure fairness, KONDOTEC observes a quiet period which runs for a few weeks up to the release of financial results. During this quiet period, we will refrain from responding to comments, questions, etc. regarding financial results. If, however, we become aware of the possibility during the quiet period that operating performance figures will deviate significantly from the Company's forecasts, we will disclose information as needed.

■ Invigoration of the General Meeting of Shareholders

We regard the General Meeting of Shareholders as an important opportunity to communicate with shareholders, and in order to invigorate the General Meeting of Shareholders we strive to have as many shareholders as possible participate, understand the Company, and secure a sufficient period for examining proposals for the Meeting.

Setting of the General Meeting of Shareholders by avoiding concentrated dates	The date of General Meeting of Shareholders is set to avoid the concentrated dates for many other general meetings of shareholders.
Earlier dispatch of convocation notice	Notice is dispatched 22 days before the Meeting (FY 2022)
Disclosure of convocation notice before dispatch	Disclosed on the KONDOTEC website 6 days before the dispatching (FY2022) *Date of disclosure : May 27, 2022
Voting by electromagnetic means	We have adopted a system allowing the exercise of voting rights over the Internet, or through other electromagnetic means.
Participation in electronic voting platforms, and other initiatives to facilitate the exercise of voting rights by institutional investors	We participate in the electronic voting platform for institutional investors maintained by ICJ, Inc.
Provision of the Notice of Convocation (Summary) in English	The English version of the Notice of Convocation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and Reference Documents for the General Meeting of Shareholders is published on our website, and the homepage of the Japan Exchange Group.
Other	For the Company to be fully understood, we visualize the reporting items on power points in the explanation.

■ IR activities

Bearing in mind the need to offer information disclosure that takes into account fairness, accuracy and timeliness, KONDOTEC organizes briefings for institutional investors by the President and individual meetings, participates actively in IR events for individual investors, and discloses IR materials via the Company's website.

Following the revision of market divisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, KONDOTEC's stock listing has moved from the First Section to the Prime Market as of April 2022. Going forward, we will strive for continued growth and long-term corporate value enhancement as well as actively engage in dialogue with investors as a listed company on the Prime Market.

Track records of dialogue with institutional investors

Event	Frequency
Individual meetings (Including Online or telephone meetings)	17 (total)
Company briefings for analysts (Tokyo)	1

(FY 2022)

Actual participation in IR events for individual investors

Name	Viewers to our page
Nikkei IR/Investment Fair 2021 Online (held in September 2021) (the archive distribution period: as of October 31, 2021)	546人 * Excluding the archive distribution period
Nomura IR Fair 2022 (held in January 2022) (the archive distribution period: as of January 31, 2022)	916人 * Excluding the archive distribution period

(FY2022)

Actual coverage

IwaiCosmo Securities	Rating : A	(September 2018)
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TOPICS

IR Good Visual Awards & IR Site Awards

KONDOTEC's IR information received the 9th IR Good Visual Award at the Nikkei IR/Investment Fair 2021 Online hosted by the IR Good Visual Award Executive Committee (Japan Investor Relations Association and Value Create Inc.). The award recognizes IR briefing material slides that effectively convey corporate value, even if it is only on one single slide, and aims to share good examples. Out of 65 companies that applied, eight companies, including KONDOTEC, received the award.

Moreover, our IR page was chosen as an "AA Website" in the All Japanese Listed Companies' Website Rankings 2021 hosted by Nikko Investor Relations Co., Ltd., as well as "Excellent Company Bronze Award" in Gomez IR website ranking 2021 conducted by BroadBand Security, Inc.





Hand out in Nikkei IR/Investment Fair 2021 which received the IR Good Visual Award



The Company's website "Investor Relations"

We will continue to improve our website / IR materials and provide timely and fair information disclosure to all stakeholders including shareholders.

Appropriate Information Disclosure and Security





■ Information Disclosure

Basic policy on information disclosure

We have established the "Internal Information Management Regulations" for appropriate disclosure of company information, and endeavors to disclose information quickly and fairly in accordance with the Companies Act, Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and other laws and regulations, etc., stipulated by stock exchanges (hereinafter referred to as the

"Timely Disclosure Rules").

Moreover, even for information not falling under various laws and regulations and Timely Disclosure Rules, we disclose information quickly and fairly if information is deemed to widely affect the judgement of people in society, including stakeholders.

Method of timely disclosure

- (1) We will disclose the information falling under Timely Disclosure Rules by Tdnet provided by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, as well as disclose to news organizations such as relevant press clubs.
- (2) Even for information not falling under Timely Disclosure Rules, if information is deemed to widely affect the judgement of people in society including stakeholders, we will disclose it by TDnet provided by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, as well as disclose to news organizations such as relevant press clubs.
- (3) We will upload the disclosed information on our website without delay.

Organizational chart Board of Directors Decision Submission (Reporting) Reporting General Manager, Management President Headquarters (responsible for information management) (Decision) Instruction for disclosure Reporting Manager, General Affairs Division (Section responsible for disclosure = General Information Affairs Division) disclosure Tokyo Reporting Stock Individual sections Exchange

■ IR Information Disclosure on the Company Website

Besides timely disclosure materials, the Company posts the latest IR materials on the Company website, in addition to financial and earnings data, stock information, and information on IR

event participation.

IR Library

With the aim of our website being used by more people, we will provide timely information while further enhancing the contents.



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https://www.kondotec.co.jp

KONDOTEC 検索

■ Information Security Measures

We have Computer System Section in the company that manages the security situation and the status, etc., of system operations for business on a daily basis, and reports to the General Manager, Management Headquarters overseeing the General Affairs Division.

Moreover, we have decided on the internal regulation "Information System Risk Management Manual" organizing information system operations, and review it when appropriate.

Co-existence with Local Communities





Operating site Opening Plan

Currently, we have 47 operating sites (as of March 31, 2022). Among sales activities areas, a precondition for selecting areas for operating site openings is that the area should be far away and have prospects for increased sales. We have expanded areas for operating site openings by way of branching out from relatively large-scale operating sites (branch class).

KONDOTEC makes sure to establish warehouses to store inventory at operating sites.

Because we make deliveries, as for the location of operating sites, we select places near expressway ICs, or industrial parks that are unlikely to affect neighboring residents in terms of noise and traffic.

As for personnel, while several employees from branch operating sites are transferred at the time of a new operating site opening, we recruit several local people to help create employment in the community.

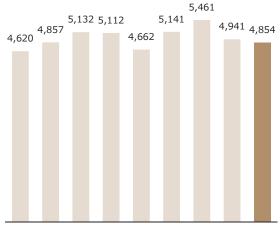
■ Response to disasters and contribution to them

With the inventories of necessary materials at the time of disasters at 47 operating sites across Japan, we have established a system to deliver necessary materials immediately even if the disaster is just local, thereby contributing to the security and safety of local communities.

Examples of disaster-related merchandise [Flexible Container bag] [Tarpaulin, sandbag, etc.] [Net, sheet] and others

Examples for use of container bag
It is used in various scene such as
transportation and storage of feed, fertilizer,
resin pellets, industrial waste, etc., and as a
large-size sandbag for rubble clearing,
decontamination, and recovery work after
disasters.

Net sales of disaster-related materials (million yen)

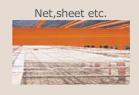


14/3 15/3 16/3 17/3 18/3 19/3 20/3 21/3 22/3

Related merchandise







[TOPICS : Response to "New Stage" Published by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism]

The Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism recognizes the apparent change in the way it rains as a "New Stage" and recommends taking disaster prevention/mitigation measures with a sense of crisis.

To respond to the "New Stage," we will also focus on advance preparations to minimize damage.

Extraordinary climate in recent years

Heavy rains with hourly rainfall exceeding 50mm have increased across Japan, raining locally, intensively and severely

→ Recognized as a "New Stage"

Examples of weather conditions bringing disasters

August 2014 heavy rain	Heavy rainfall in a wide range of areas from west to eastern Japan (Landslide disaster occurred in Hiroshima Prefecture)
July 2018 heavy rain	Record-breaking heavy rainfall in a wide range of areas across Japan centered on western Japan
October 2019 Typhoon No.19	Rain storm centered on eastern Japan
July 2020 heavy rain	Heavy rainfall in a wide range of areas centered on Northern Kyusyu

To respond to the "New Stage," we need to **mitigate damage to infrastructures as much as possible** and **make advance preparations** for early recovery.

Safety Measures and Work Style Reform





■ Risk Control for Disasters and Others

We have formulated a Risk Management Manual and are taking the following initiatives to ensure the safety of employees and other relevant personnel, prevent the disruption of important operations of the Company, and recover as quickly as possible after disruptions when an unexpected event such as a natural disaster occurs.

For accomplishment of important operations, we transfer of the core system to the data center and introduce of dual head offices system at Osaka and Tokyo.

For employees

- Thorough dissemination of measures in advance, during and after a disaster, etc.
- Establishment and dissemination of 'Rules of actions for initial response to a large earthquake, etc.'

Counter-measures against COVID-19 (examples)

Implementing working from home in rotation
Conducting web conferences in place of business trips
Introduction of special leave for vaccination ,etc

■ For Employees' Health, Safety and Hygiene

We are taking the following initiatives to ensure the safety and health of employees. Representative matters in need of safety measures in conducting business activities include receiving and shipping operations in warehouses, marketing activities, delivery of products and merchandise, and production activities in factories.

Category	Detail		
Marketing/ delivery	Implementation of safety driving training	Upon the increase in traffic accidents involving new employees who were not accustomed to driving company cars, we implemented safety driving training at the time of new employee training, reducing accidents involving young employees.	
Marketing/ delivery	Implementation of no accident campaign	Sending warning notice to all operating sites when an accident occurs at other sites. Notifying monthly the cumulative number of accidents at all operating sites in the past year even if there was no accident. For the site which had an accident, installing the safety driving support device to all company cars.	
Marketing/ delivery	Introduction of safety driving device (Telematics) Installation of the drive recorder	When dangerous driving (sudden braking, speeding, etc.) is detected by G Sensor/GPS, immediately give a warning notice by voice guidance to the driver each time while sending a notifying e-mail of dangerous driving to the head office.	
Factory/ warehouse	Implementation of Safety and Health Committee Implementation of safety patrol	Holding a Safety and Health Committee at head office and factories monthly. Implementing safety patrols by employees to prevent industrial accidents.	

Work Style Reform and Work-Life Balance

We aim to create a corporate culture where employees can have "a fulfilling individual life and involvement in society," while promoting work style reform to enable them to do "worthwhile and high-quality work" efficiently.

In 2014, we conducted training for all supervisors aiming for more efficient operations and less overtime work, and have been promoting work style reform since then, on the condition of improved earnings. Since 2017, led by head office, we have been engaged in reform for efficient operations by reviewing various operational rules, decreasing collections by sales staff, reducing internal documents, and reviewing approving authority.

As an indicator to realize appropriate work-life balance, we have established a paid vacation acquisition target for the company, and internally publish the figures for each section to promote the acquisition.

Paid vacation acquisition target for the company

2023			
_			
2022			
【Actual】 75.1%			
2021			
【Actual】 74.5%			
April 1, 2019 – March 31, 2020			
[Actual] 68.8%			
2019			
【Actual】 57.3%			

Human resources development and Diversity







■ Policy on human resources development

We carry out educational programs for developing human resources that shape the future, in accordance with the Company's corporate philosophy. We offer new employee training programs for younger employees, and follow up on new employees by designating a more experienced employee of a similar age at the assigned department to serve as a one-to-one supervisor for new employees. We then offer training for new employees six months after they enter the company and again three years later and ten years later.

Meanwhile, for mid-management-level employees and next-generation senior managers, we provide education to reinforce management skills and hold senior manager candidate development training programs according to the number of years of employment in order to develop human resources. Furthermore, we established an internally authorized "lifting equipment advisor" qualification, which leads to enhancing employees' knowledge on products and merchandise.

Examples of Training Conducted

	Conducted every year to improve knowledge of products/merchandise through practical training at in-house factory or counterparty, among others.	
	Conducted training on the creation of educational tools using digital technologies	
	for new employees.	
rraining for new recruits	Conducting training when joining the Company and conducting follow-up training when six months later.	
In addition, we conduct various training according to employees, including management training for supervisors and for those in their 3rd/10th years after joining the Company, among others.		

Enhancement of remuneration and benefits programs (Various award system)

Besides bonuses paid biannually, we have introduced the award (reward) system by site and individual according to the contribution to sales

performance and priority issues to increase motivations and spread priority issues of the whole company.

Enhancement of online education system and assistance for acquisition of qualifications

We assist the self-development of abilities by establishing an online education system in which any employee can freely take courses. Moreover, we endeavor to develop personnel with qualifications by assisting tuition and examination fees to promote the acquisition of public qualifications.

		Qualification	Number of persons	Qualification	Number of persons
0	ist of	First and Second-class architect	3	Completion of special training on crane operation	300 or more
0	osor du	First and Second-class civil engineering works execution managing engineer	6	Completion of sling work skills training	500 or more
-	ialified inel	First and Second-class building construction managing engineer	7	Forklift operation skill	500 or more
		Class B Group 4 hazardous materials engineer	64	Certified public accountant	2

Diversity - Basic principle

We recognize the importance of establishing a working environment in which employees with diverse backgrounds fully demonstrate their respective abilities and are motivated to work, in order to contribute to creating an affluent society as

stated in our corporate philosophy. For this reason, we take initiatives to promote diversity and a good work-life balance, and make efforts to nurture a corporate climate where employees can work with lively.

To create a platform on which diverse human resources can take leading roles

Appointment of human resources

Establishment of working environment/structure

Skills development

Non-discriminatory hiring policy and Support for diversification of employment formats

In hiring employees, we respect the diverse characteristics of individuals, including age, gender and nationality. Moreover, with the introduction of year-round recruitment (for 2008 recruits and after), we have been hiring employees with various careers, experience, etc., and were noted in The Nikkei Newspaper. Further, we offer support to athletes as well as appoint highly motivated contract workers as regular employees. In addition, we are expanding support for the participation of women in the workplace, and have appointed three female Directors in order to incorporate diverse values and perspectives into the business management of the Company.

Furthermore, we present various systems including a shortened working-time program which can be taken until a child reaches his/her 3rd year in primary school, which is longer than what is legally mandated, and clarify the contact point for consultation and thus endeavor to have employees engage in childbirth and child-raising with peace of mind.

raise children with peace of mind, we have prepared

a handbook compiling child-raising-related laws and

freely view and obtain it from the internal portal site.

various internal systems so that employees can

In order for employees and spouses to give birth and KONDOTEC REPORT 2022

■ Diversity Non-discriminatory hiring policy and Support for diversification of employment formats

Male-female ratio of new employees with main career track in the last six years and home countries of international students

Year of employment	Male	Female	Total	Nationality of international students (other than Japan)
April-2022	8 persons	5 persons	13 persons	
April-2021	10 persons	10 persons	20 persons	
April-2020	11 persons	7 persons	18 persons	
April-2019	19 persons	4 persons	23 persons	Brazil
April-2018	12 persons	6 persons	18 persons	Korea
April-2017	8 persons	10 persons	18 persons	

Appointment of a female executive members

3 out of 14

As of June 24, 2022



Number of employees taking childcare leave

	Those who newly took childcare leave during the period	Return to work rate after childcare leave during the period	Rate of those currently on childcare leave who started childcare leave during the period
April 1, 2021 - March 31, 2022	6 persons	66.7%	33.3%
April 1, 2020 - March 31, 2021	7 persons	100%	-
April 1, 2019 - March 31, 2020	4 persons	100%	-
April 1, 2018 - March 31, 2019	2 persons	100%	-

Enhancement of remuneration and benefits programs

With the introduction of remuneration and benefits programs, including those listed below, the Company strives to improve motivation for employees while increasing corporate value in the medium and long term.

< Employee incentive system >

In 2013, we introduced an employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) as a program that offers shares to employees who have been promoted. Upon termination of the ESOP in 2021, we replaced it with an employee restricted stock

program. By issuing shares as an incentive to employees, we encourage employees to boost their motivation and morale toward enhancing performance.

Incentives given by an ESOP

ŀ	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Number	32,400	23,400	17,200	13,400	13,000	13,300
of shares	shares	shares	shares	shares	Shares	Shares
Eligible	57	55	62	63	55	60
persons	persons	persons	persons	persons	persons	persons

<GLTD (Group Long Term Disability income indemnity insurance)>

Since October 2019, we have introduced the "GLTD (group long term disability income indemnity insurance)", which indemnifies a certain revenue up to 60 years old (retirement age) for employees who become unable to work for a long period of time due to illness or injury. While widespread in the U.S., the GLTD program

is a relatively new program in Japan, which was permitted in 1994. With the introduction of GLTD, we have covered a long-term "Risk of becoming unable to work" to eliminate uncertainties for employees to work, striving to improve their motivation.

GOVERNANCE

Basic concept to Corporate Governance

KONDOTEC recognizes that strengthening and enhancing corporate governance through increasing soundness, transparency and efficiency of management and maximizing corporate value is one of the most important management objectives. To realize this objective, our basic concept of corporate governance calls

for reinforcing our compliance and internal audit systems, conducting timely disclosure of management information, operating results and other pieces of information via our website and other means, and strengthening functions for speedy decision-making and management supervision.

Corporate Governance



■ Corporate governance structure summary table

Type of organizational design	Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee
Number of directors * excluding directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members (including the number of outside directors)	10 (2)
Number of directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members (including the number of outside directors)	4 (3)
Term of office of directors * excluding directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members	1 year
Adoption of executive officer system	Yes
Incentive remuneration	The restricted stock remuneration plan
Accounting Auditor	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

■ Reasons for adopting the current corporate governance system

KONDOTEC believes that putting in place an Audit & Supervisory Committee and having an audit system where Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members supervise management is effective and hence operates as a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee system.

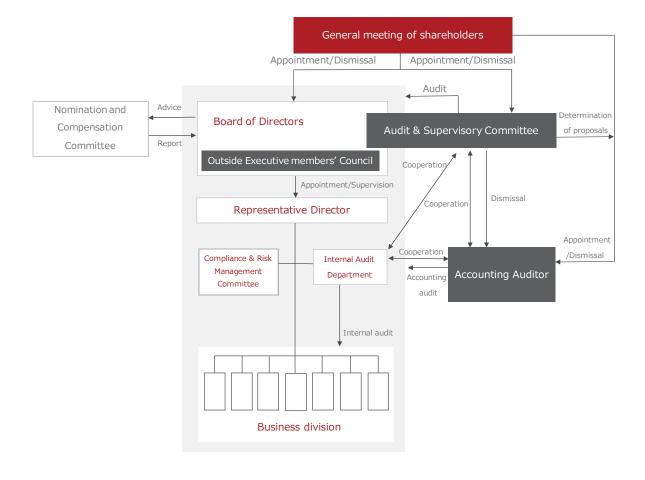
The Audit & Supervisory Committee comprises four Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, including one full-time Director, and three part-time Outside Directors

with specialist knowledge on finance, accounting and laws, as well as experience in corporate management at other companies, and carries out supervision from an objective and fair point of view.

The Board of Directors holds a regular monthly meeting as well as an extraordinary meeting whenever necessary, promotes efficiency of decision-making for the execution of important business activities and reinforcement of the supervision function.

■ Corporate governance system

KONDOTEC's corporate governance system is shown in the diagram below.



■ KONDOTEC's managing organ

Board of Directors

KONDOTEC holds a meeting of the Board of Directors at least once a month and complies with the policy of addressing all matters provided in the Board of Directors' Regulations and those corresponding to agenda items to the Board of Directors in making decisions on important matters.

In addition, the Board of Directors receives reports on the status of business execution of KONDOTEC and its subsidiaries from each of the respective directors on a periodic basis and carries out supervision, etc. on the reasonableness and efficiency of business execution.

KONDOTEC conducts the Board of Directors assessment questionnaire based on self-assessments made by all Directors once a year. The Board of Directors deliberates on and considers the results of the questionnaire and makes necessary improvements to secure effectiveness and increase the quality of the Board of Directors as a whole. KONDOTEC adopts an executive officer system and Executive Officers and Directors in charge of business operations promote speedy business execution.

Outside Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)

KONDOTEC appoints two Outside Directors (one lawyer, one Director with experience in corporate management), who supervise management and offer advice from an objective point of view in consideration of the corporate business community on the whole, including laws and regulations, in an effort to increase the transparency and efficiency of the Board of Directors.

Audit & Supervisory Committee / Outside Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members

KONDOTEC adopts the Audit & Supervisory Committee system. The Audit & Supervisory Committee comprises four members, three of whom are Outside Directors (one attorney-at-law, one CPA and one Director with experience in corporate management). The Audit & Supervisory Committee members exchange opinions on audit methods and audit standards from their professional points of view at the meeting of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, which is held at least once a month in order to improve the appropriateness and efficiency of audits. In this manner, we strive to enhance and reinforce our audit system.

Furthermore, the Members receive a report on the results of the accounting audit from the Accounting Auditor at each financial closing. If needed, Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members accompany the Accounting Auditor in the audit of an office, exchange information and opinions. Moreover, Audit & Supervisory Committee Members receive reports on financial results for every quarter from internal control sections, as well as reports on other matters related to internal control as necessary.

Internal Audit Department

Our Internal Audit Department is placed as a unit directly under the President. There are three full-time staff members to bolster internal audit operations.

These internal auditors audit the status of

compliance with laws, regulations and internal rules and the appropriateness and efficiency of business processes, etc. of each division, provide guidance for improvement and perform follow-ups.

In addition, they conduct audits to continuously verify whether the system to ensure the reliability of financial reporting functions appropriately and makes corrections where necessary.

Further, our Internal Audit Department, which is an internal audit section, holds reporting meetings on the results of internal audits conducted, with Audit & Supervisory Committee Members and internal control sections in attendance.

Moreover, the Accounting Auditor review reports on the results of internal audits conducted by the Internal Audit Department. Accounting Auditor and internal audit sections exchange information and opinions as necessary, striving to improve the appropriateness and efficiency of audits through close cooperation.

Accounting Auditor

KONDOTEC has appointed Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC as the Accounting Auditor and establishes an environment in which the Accounting Auditor is able to perform audits from a fair and unbiased perspective, by providing the auditor accurate management information in a timely manner. The Accounting Auditor receives quarterly briefings from the internal control sections on the financial results and standing of the Company, and exchange opinions on accounting-related matters.

Compliance & Risk Management Committee

The Compliance & Risk Management Committee is in place.

The Compliance & Risk Management Committee promotes the dissemination of awareness to comply with relevant laws, regulations, corporate ethical standards and internal regulations among all employees and creates a structure to prevent scandals and other problems by developing plans and measures on compliance, including education and guidance for practicing compliance. The Committee also collects information on various risks surrounding KONDOTEC and its subsidiaries and analyzes the information to develop specific preventive measures. It also puts in place a structure to minimize the impact of risks should any such risk becomes apparent, in an effort to reinforce the corporate platform.

Nomination and Compensation Committee

The Company has established the Nomination and Compensation Committee as a voluntary advisory organization, composed of Independent Outside Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and the President & Representative Director to strengthen the transparency and objectiveness of the decision-making process for appointment and remuneration of Directors.

Outside Executive members' Council

The Outside Executive members' Council comprising Outside Directors has been established. The Council meets periodically to promote the exchange of opinions among outside Executive members.

■ Executive members As of June 24, 2022

Title	Name	Area of responsibility and important concurrent positions	Independent member	Number of shares held (Thousand shares)
President and Representative Director	Katsuhiko Kondo	Representative Director of Towa Kosan Corp. Representative Director of Toto Kosan INC.		153
Senior Executive Director	Hiroyuki Yada	General Manager, Management Headquarters and Manager, General Affairs Division Manager, Business Strategy Department Director, Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. Director, TECBUILD CO., LTD. Director, TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. Director, FUKOKU, Ltd.		32
Executive Director	Noboru Hamano	General Manager, Sales Headquarters and Manager, Structural Steel Sales Division		16
Executive Director	Yoichi Hyakuda	General Manager, Manufacturing Headquarters and Manager, Kyusyu Factory		11
Director	Kazuyuki Asakawa	Manager, Eastern Japan Sales Division and Manager, Tokyo Branch		15
Director	Tomoyuki Ejiri	President and Representative Director, Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. Representative Director and Chairman, TOKAI STEP CO.,LTD.		17
Director	Kazuhiro Ishino	Manager, Western Japan Sales Division and Manager, Development Sales Division Director, Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. Director, CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. Director, KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.		13
Director	Tomoya Ando	Executive Adviser		111
Outside Director	Michiko Kanai	Attorney-at-law (Oh-Ebashi LPC & Partners partner) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Sankyo Seiko Co., Ltd. Outside Director, IDEC CORPORATION (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) Outside Director, AS ONE CORPORATION	0	4
Outside Director	Takashi Maruyama		0	_
Director (Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Norio Nishida	Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, TECBUILD CO., LTD. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, TOKAI STEP CO., LTD. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, FUKOKU, Ltd. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.		19
Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Kana Yasuda	Certified Public Accountant, Tax Accountant (Yasuda Accounting Firm Representative) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, SUGI HOLDINGS Co., Ltd. Outside Director, GEO HOLDINGS CORPORATION Outside Director, CHUO SPRING CO., LTD. Outside Director, The Monogatari Corporation	0	3
Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Taku Tokuda	Attorney-at-law (Managing Principal Lawyer, TOKUDA LAW OFFICE)	0	1
Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Minako Yamaoka	Outside Director, NICCA CHEMICAL CO., LTD.	0	0

■ Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Terms of Executive members

KONDOTEC appoints candidates for Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) by considering individuals who fulfill respective statutory requirements, who are excellent both in terms of personality and insight, who can carry out their professional responsibilities, and who are capable of making accurate and timely decisions and of cooperating and working with and covering each function and division of the Company. Such individuals are deliberated on by the Nomination and Compensation Committee -- a voluntary advisory organization composed of Independent Outside Directors -- based on whose report the Board of Directors determines a proposal for the General Meeting of Shareholders.

KONDOTEC appoints candidates for Directors who are the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members by considering individuals who have expertise in legal, financial and accounting matters, who hold knowledge on the business activities of the Company, and who maintain diverse perspectives concerning corporate management in a comprehensive manner. Such individuals are deliberated on by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, based on whose report the Board of Directors determines, with prior the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, a proposal for the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Further, based on the recognition that diverse values and points of view are essential in

business management going forward,
KONDOTEC appoints a female director and audit
& supervisory board members.
When in violation of professional duties of
Directors or Directors as Audit & Supervisory
Committee Members, or if deemed not suitable
for Directors or Directors as Audit & Supervisory
Committee Members of the Company due to
negligence of their duties, such individuals are
deliberated on by the Nomination and

for Directors or Directors as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members of the Company due to negligence of their duties, such individuals are deliberated on by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, based on whose report the Board of Directors determines their treatment, and in the case of dismissal it should be resolved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The independence standards for Outside Directors

KONDOTEC appoints Outside Directors and Outside Directors as Audit & Supervisory Committee Members who fulfill the requirements under the Companies Act, and the independence standards set forth by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The former is required to provide advice and proposal for management, and the later is required to offer advice for management and perform management audits.

KONDOTEC registers all Outside Directors and Outside Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members as independent Executive members based on the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange with the said exchange.

Skills Matrix for the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee

Position	Name	<u>:</u>	Managerial experience	Sales & Marketing	Manufacturing & Procurement	Finance & Accounting	Legal affairs & Risk Management
	Katsuhiko Kondo		0	0	0		
	Hiroyuki Yada			0	0		
	Noboru Hamano			0			
	Yoichi Hyakuda				0		
Directors	Kazuyuki Asakawa			0			
Directors	Tomoyuki Ejiri		0	0	0		
	Kazuhiro Ishino			0	0		
	Tomoya Ando			0		0	0
	Michiko Kanai	Outside					0
	Takashi Maruyama	Outside	0	0			
	Norio Nishida					0	
Directors (Audit &	Kana Yasuda	Outside				0	
Supervisory Committee Members)	Taku Tokuda	Outside					0
	Minako Yamaoka	Outside	0	0			

Status of attendance by Outside Directors/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members

70th term (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)

Position	Name	Board of Directors (12 board meetings)	Audit & Supervisory Committee (16 board meetings)
Outside Directors	Michiko Kanai	Attended 12 meetings (100%)	_
	Takashi Maruyama	Attended all 10 meetings since taking office as of June 22, 2021	_
Outside Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)	Kana Yasuda	Attended 12 meetings (100%)	Attended 16 meetings (100%)
	Taku Tokuda	Attended 12 meetings (100%)	Attended 16 meetings (100%)
	Minako Yamaoka	Attended 8 out of 10 meetings since taking office as of June 22, 2021	Attended 11 out of 13 meetings since taking office as of June 22, 2021

■ Descriptions based on the Corporate Governance Code

Analysis and assessment of effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole

KONDOTEC makes decisions on important matters at the regular meeting of the Board of Directors held every month based on discussions by attendees, including Outside Directors who state their opinions. In this way, we make an effort to heighten the effectiveness of the Board of Directors.

Once a year, we conduct an analysis and assessment of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole.

In April 2022, we made an assessment of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors. We discussed and made considerations on the results of the assessment at the meeting of the Board of Directors in May 2022.

- 1. Period: April 2022 to May 2022
- 2. Method: Anonymous self-assessment by all Directors(Including Outside Directors)
- 3. Assessment items:

Structure and operation of the Board of Directors, deliberation, governance system, promotion digital transformation, initiatives for sustainability, general assessment of the Board of Directors

4 . Summary of results

While all executive members evaluated that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors was secured as a whole, there were some opinions that materials for meetings of the Board of Directors should be distributed early, and that the Board of Directors should appropriately discuss and supervise the plan for succession of Representative Directors.

We would like to continue to make improvements based on these opinions.

Training policy for Directors

KONDOTEC offers opportunities for Directors to participate in various training programs, including training sessions and lectures by internal and external instructors, external seminars, and web-based seminars, in an effort to have Executive members gain necessary knowledge and understand/promote duties and responsibilities.

Policy concerning cross-held shares

- Policy on cross-shareholding KONDOTEC maintains cross-held shares for the purpose of contributing to the improvement of corporate value in the medium to long term by maintaining and reinforcing relationships with important business partners.
 - KONDOTEC will reduce issues deemed to have insufficient grounds to hold after the verification of cross-held shares.
- Verification on cross-held shares
 Each year, KONDOTEC's Board of Directors
 scrutinizes and verifies the purpose of
 holdings, benefits from transactions, etc., of
 individual cross-held shares.
 As of March 31, 2022, we held 6 issues of
 cross-held shares worth 39 million yen in
 book value and 213 million yen in market
 value, equivalent to 0.1% and 0.4%
 respectively of total assets of 56,009 million
- 3. Exercise of voting rights on cross-held shares KONDOTEC respects the management policies, strategies, etc., of investee companies, judges individual proposals based on whether shareholding contributes to sustainable growth and medium to long term corporate value of the Company and investee companies, and exercises voting rights.

Basic policy concerning constructive dialogues with shareholders

KONDOTEC promotes constructive dialogues with shareholders through holding briefings for individual investors and financial results briefings, in addition to the general meeting of shareholders and participating in IR fairs. We also appoint the Director who manages the General Affairs Division responsible for IR as the Director in charge of IR, and share information with other departments to strengthen cooperation.

In order to reflect the opinions of shareholders

on management, when important feedback given from an objective viewpoint arises, we make an effort to report the matter to the Board of Directors as needed.

In addition, KONDOTEC has put in place its IR Policy, which defines the quiet period and other matters, and Internal Information Management Regulations, which set forth rules on communicating important facts and internal information, and performs accordingly in managing information.

■ Whistle-blowing system

KONDOTEC has formulated internal regulations on whistle-blowing and put in place two points of contact for whistle-blowing inside and outside the company. The Company's whistle-blowing system is such that when whistle-blowing occurs, the Manager of General Affairs Division, which is the internal point of contact for whistle-blowing, reports the matter to the President, General Manager of Management Headquarters, Outside Directors and full-time Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, requests that the responsible department investigates the matter; and proposes and notifies the measure for response.

The status of operation for whistle-blowing is reported at the Compliance & Risk Management Committee and the Board of Directors once a year, and the Board of Directors supervises the status of operation.

We also maintain internal regulations and a system to ensure that whistle-blowers are not treated unfairly.

The number reported was zero case in FY 2022. If the cases filed, we dealt with them appropriately by conducting internal investigations, while paying due consideration to privacy.

Remuneration for Executive members

■ Remuneration (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)

Position	Number of	Total an	Amount of		
POSITION	persons paid	Base remuneration	Stock-based remuneration	Performance-linked stock-based remuneration	payment (Million yen)
Directors (excluding Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)	11 persons	188	31	12	231
Directors (Audit & Supervisory Committee Members)	4 persons	32	_	_	32
Total	15 persons	220	31	12	263

■ Policy for determining the details of remuneration for Executive members

The Board of Directors reviewed the Company's Executive member remuneration system at its meeting held on February 9, 2021. At the meeting, the policy for determining the details of remuneration for individual directors was resolved (excluding Directors serving as members of the Audit & Supervisory Committee; hereafter, "Directors").

In addition, at the Board of Directors meeting, it was confirmed that the method of determining the details of remuneration and approved remuneration of individual Directors for the current fiscal year are consistent with this policy, while reports from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was respected, which was deemed to be in line with the policy of determination.

The policy for determining the details of remuneration for Directors are as follows.

- (1) Basic policy for determining the remuneration of Directors
 - The Company's basic approach is as follows, which aims to achieve the Medium-term Management Plan in realizing the management vision of the Group.
- Continued development of the Group and medium- to long-term corporate value enhancement
- Remuneration system that enables a shared awareness of profit with shareholders
- Ensure objectivity and transparency in the process of determining remuneration Remuneration for Directors comprises fixed remuneration, stock-based remuneration and performance-linked stock-based remuneration offered upon reaching the targets of the Medium-term Management Plan as an incentive reward. The determination of remuneration for each Director is based on the appropriate standard in conjunction with their individual responsibilities.
- (2) Policy for determining the amount of fixed remuneration (monetary remuneration) for each individual
 - The fixed remuneration for Directors of the Company is monthly fixed remuneration that is determined based on comprehensive consideration of the Director's position, duties, length in office relative to the standards at other companies, the Company's performance, and standards of employee compensation.
- (3) Policy for determining the details, amount, and numerical calculation method for performance-linked remuneration and Non-monetary remuneration

- (i) Stock-based remuneration The Company offers Directors with stockbased remuneration that clearly highlights the connections between business performance and share value, which not only benefits the Director as the share price rises, but also enables the Director to share the risk with shareholders if the share price falls, in aiming to encourage Directors to contribute to improving medium- to long-term performance and enhance corporate value. The Company's stock-based remuneration is offered in accordance with position and duties. Furthermore, in principle, transfer-restricted stock remuneration shall be canceled when a Director retires.
- (ii) Performance-linked stock-based remuneration

The Company's performance-linked remuneration is provided as performance-linked stock-based compensation that reflects the performance indicators as an incentive reward to encourage awareness towards improving business performance each fiscal year. Shares will be granted at a certain time each year based on the achievement of the consolidated ordinary income target for each business year.

Furthermore, in principle, transfer-restricted stock remuneration shall be canceled when a Director retires.

- (4) Policy for determining the ratio of monetary remuneration amount and performancelinked remuneration amount to the amount of remuneration for each Director
 - The ratio of remuneration composition is based on the remuneration standard in companies of similar size, industry type and format as the Company used as a benchmark, in which the weight of stock-based remuneration is higher for higher ranked positions, while the ratio of stock-based remuneration to the total remuneration amount is set to be approximately 10-15% of the target for consolidated ordinary income for each fiscal year as it is achieved.
- (5) Matters concerning decisions regarding the content of individual Director remuneration Individual Director remuneration is determined by resolution of the Board of Directors based on results of the review by the voluntary Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which consists primarily of independent outside directors, in order to ensure objectivity and transparency as well as enhance accountability for the level and appropriateness of remuneration and the determination process.



Stock Information As of March 31, 2022

■ Company's stock

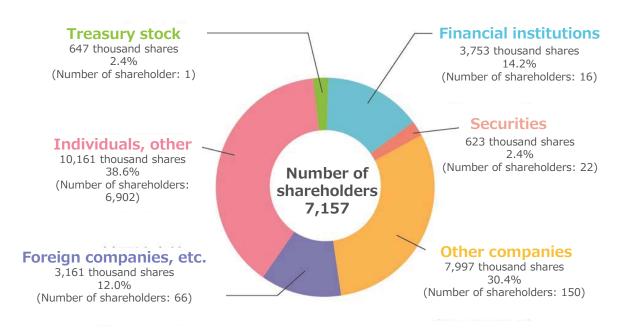
Total number of shares authorized	60,000,000 shares
Total number of shares issued	26,344,400 shares
Shares per unit	100 shares

■ Major shareholders

Name of shareholder	Number of shares held (Thousand shares)	Percentage
Towa Kosan Corp.	3,014	11.7%
BBH FOR FIDELITY LOW – PRICED STOCK FUND (PRINCIPAL ALL SECTOR SUBPORTFOLIO)	1,546	6.0%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	1,410	5.5%
KONDOTEC employees shareholders association	1,352	5.3%
Osaka Small and Medium Business Investment & Consultation Co., Ltd.	1,247	4.9%
F-planning INC.	900	3.5%
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	753	2.9%
Toto Kosan INC.	676	2.6%
Masahide Kondo	664	2.6%
Jummi Kondo	633	2.5%

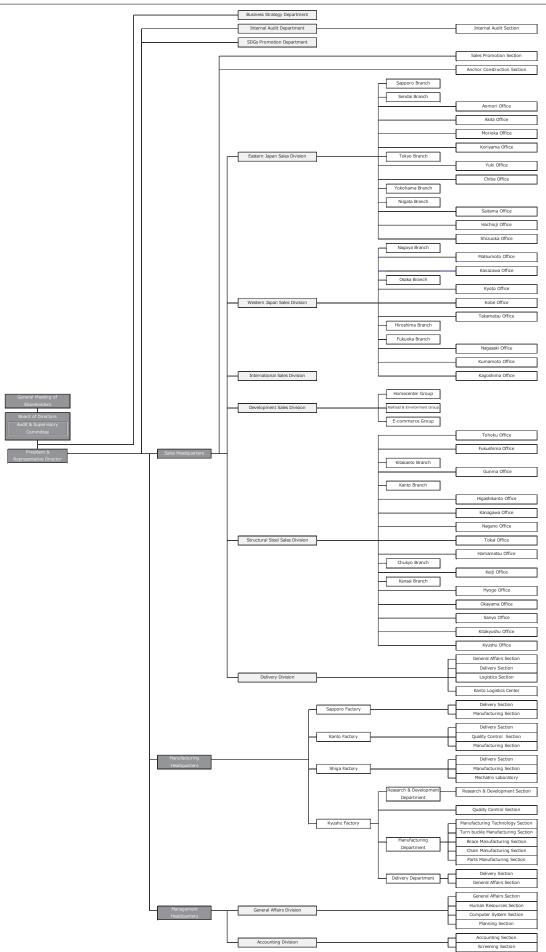
^{*647} thousand shares in treasury stock is not included in the listing of major shareholders above. Percentage is calculated by excluding treasury stock.

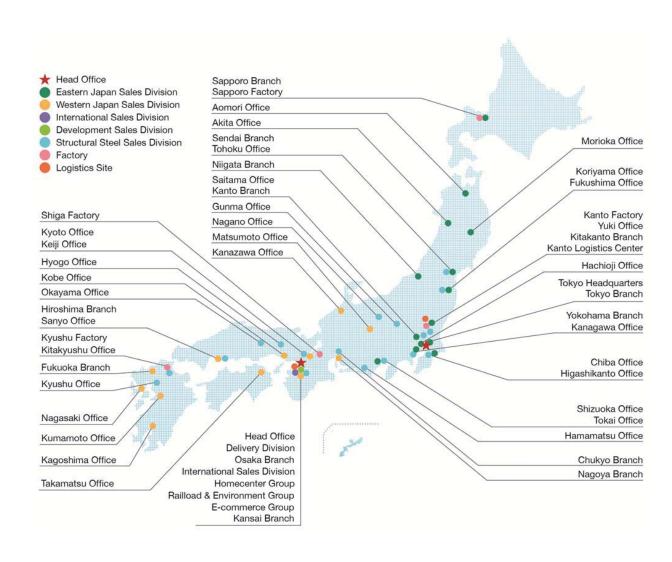
■ Stock distribution by shareholder category



Organization Chart

As of April 1, 2022





KONDOTEC Network

Group company name	Location of head office	Network
Sanwa Denzai Co., Ltd.	Nishi-ku, Nagoya-shi	14 operating sites
KONDOTEC INTERNATIONAL (THAILAND) Co., Ltd.	Bangkok, Thailand	_
CHUOH GIKEN Co., Ltd.	Inukami-gun, Shiga	2 operating sites 1 factory
Nippon Scaffolding Holdings Co., Ltd.	Koto-ku, Tokyo	_
TECBUILD CO., LTD.	Ota-ku, Tokyo	17 operating sites
TOKAI STEP CO., LTD.	Fujieda-shi, Shizuoka	15 operating sites
FUKOKU, Ltd.	Izumi-ku, Sendai-shi	5 operating sites
KURIYAMA ALUMINUM Co., Ltd.	Nakamura-ku, Nagoya-shi	2 operating sites 1 factory

Consolidated Financial Statements

■ Consolidated Balance Sheet

		(Million yen) (Th		
	2021	2022	2022	
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and deposits	11,317	10,164	83,050	
Notes and accounts receivable – trade	12,372	_	_	
Notes receivable – trade	-	4,320	35,299	
Accounts receivable – trade	_	8,809	71,980	
Contract assets	_	70	578	
Electronically recorded monetary claims operating	1,984	2,861	23,381	
Merchandise and finished goods	3,959	5,828	47,622	
Work in process	589	687	5,621	
Raw materials and supplies	383	666	5,447	
Other	968	1,232	10,066	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5)	(6)	(50)	
Total current assets	31,569	34,636	282,998	
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment				
Buildings and structures (net)	3,131	3,314	27,081	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles (net)	1,212	1,625	13,278	
Land	6,620	9,164	74,876	
Other (net)	883	907	7,415	
Total property, plant and equipment	11,848	15,011	122,651	
Intangible assets				
Goodwill	3,495	3,876	31,671	
Customer-related assets	1,453	1,370	11,197	
Other	94	121	993	
Total intangible assets	5,044	5,368	43,862	
Investments and other assets				
Investment securities	335	326	2,669	
Deferred tax assets	276	287	2,348	
Retirement benefit asset	59	141	1,154	
Other	300	244	2,001	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8)	(6)	(55)	
Total investments and other assets	963	993	8,119	
Total non-current assets	17,856	21,373	174,633	
Total assets	49,426	56,009	457,632	

^{*} All financial information presented in Japanese yen has been rounded down to the nearest million. The translations of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan and have been made at the rate of exchange at March 31, 2022. U.S. dollar amounts are rounded down to the nearest thousand.

		(Million yen) (T	housand U.S. dollars)
	2021	2022	2022
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable – trade	3,978	4,346	35,515
Electronically recorded obligations – operating	8,029	9,114	74,468
Short-term loans payable	3,110	4,610	37,666
Current portion of long-term borrowings	275	214	1,753
Income taxes payable	596	814	6,653
Provision for bonuses	748	820	6,707
Other	2,099	2,062	16,851
Total current liabilities	18,838	21,983	179,616
Non-current liabilities	·	·	·
Long-term borrowings	279	347	2,835
Deferred tax liabilities	466	917	7,500
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	178	178	1,460
Provision for stocks payment	78	17	144
Retirement benefit liability	288	283	2,313
Other	272	214	1,755
Total non-current liabilities	1,564	1,959	16,009
Total liabilities	20,403	23,942	195,626
Net assets			
Shareholders' equity			
Capital stock	2,666	2,666	21,786
Capital surplus	2,434	2,434	19,891
Retained earnings	26,243	26,903	219,814
Treasury stock	(1,134)	(661)	(5,403)
Total shareholders' equity	30,210	31,342	256,090
Accumulated other comprehensive income			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	140	121	988
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	29	53	434
Revaluation reserve for land	(1,510)	(1,510)	(12,344)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	31	45	370
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	92	35	288
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,216)	(1,255)	(10,261)
Subscription rights to shares	28		_
Non-controlling interests	0	1,979	16,177
Total net assets	29,022	32,066	262,005
Total liabilities and net assets	49,426	56,009	457,632

■ Consolidated Income Statement

		(Million yen)	(Thousand U.S. dollars)	
	2021	2022	2022	
Net sales	59,562	66,139	540,398	
Cost of sales	45,957	51,408	420,037	
Gross profit	13,604	14,730	120,360	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10,249	11,136	90,993	
Operating income	3,354	3,594	29,367	
Non-operating income				
Interest income	0	3	31	
Dividends income	4	6	55	
Purchase discounts	113	123	1,012	
Gain on investments in silent partnerships	_	39	326	
Miscellaneous income	54	71	584	
Total non-operating income	172	245	2,009	
Non-operating expenses				
Interest expenses	6	15	126	
Sales discounts	54	_	_	
Miscellaneous loss	11	14	114	
Total non-operating expenses	71	29	240	
Ordinary income	3,455	3,810		
Extraordinary income	·	·		
Gain on sales of non-current assets	3	6	57	
Gain on sale of investment securities	_	1	12	
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	_	0	7	
Total extraordinary income	3	9	77	
Extraordinary loss				
Loss on sales of non-current assets	1	7	61	
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	2	10	83	
Impairment losses	821	_	_	
Loss on sale of investment securities	_	0	1	
Loss on valuation of investment securities	_	9	75	
Loss on termination of performance-linked stock-based compensation plan	_	120	981	
Total extraordinary loss	825	147	1,203	
Income before income taxes	2,633	3,672	30,010	
Income taxes - current	1,152	1,339	10,943	
Income taxes – deferred	(80)	30	246	
Total income taxes payable	1,072	1,369	11,189	
Profit	1,561	2,303	18,820	
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	0	18	153	
Profit attributable to owners of parent				

■ Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		(Million yen) (1	Thousand U.S. dollars)
	2021	2022	2022
Profit	1,561	2,303	18,820
Other comprehensive income			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(4)	(19)	(163)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	28	23	191
Foreign currency translation adjustment	20	14	115
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	202	(57)	(469)
Total other comprehensive income	247	(39)	(325)
Comprehensive income	1,808	2,263	18,495
(Breakdown)			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	1,808	2,244	18,342
Comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests	0	18	152

^{*} All financial information presented in Japanese yen has been rounded down to the nearest million. The translations of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan and have been made at the rate of exchange at March 31, 2022. U.S. dollar amounts are rounded down to the nearest thousand.

■ Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

2021 (Million yen)

			Shareholders' equity			Accumulated other comprehensive income	
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges
Balance at beginning of the period	2,666	2,434	25,477	(758)	29,819	145	0
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					-		
Restated balance	2,666	2,434	25,477	(758)	29,819	145	0
Changes of items during the period							
Cash dividends			(793)		(793)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			1,561		1,561		
Purchase of treasury stock				(400)	(400)		
Disposal of treasury stock			(1)	24	. 22		
Cancellation of treasury shares					-		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity						(4)	28
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	766	(376)	390	(4)	28
Balance at the end of the period	2,666	2,434	26,243	(1,134)	30,210	140	29
	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of the period	(1,510)	10	(109)	(1,463)	31	. 0	28,387
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies							-
Restated balance	(1,510)	10	(109)	(1,463)	31	. 0	28,387
Changes of items during the period							
Cash dividends							(793)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							1,561
Purchase of treasury stock							(400)
Disposal of treasury stock							22
Cancellation of treasury shares							-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	-	20	202	247	(2)	0	244
Total changes of items during the period	-	20	202	247	(2)	0	635

Capital stock

Capital surplus

(Million yen)

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Deferred gains or losses on hedges 2022 Shareholders' equity

Retained earnings

Treasury stock

Total shareholders' equity

					equity	securities	losses on hedges
Balance at beginning of the period	2,666	2,434	26,243	(1,134)	30,210	140	29
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			6	i	6		
Restated balance	2,666	2,434	26,250	(1,134)	30,216	140	29
Changes of items during the period							
Cash dividends			(827)		(827)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			2,284		2,284		
Purchase of treasury stock	+			(609)	(609)		
Disposal of treasury stock			(2)	280	278		
Cancellation of treasury shares			(801)	801	2,0		
Net changes of items other than			(===)				
shareholders' equity						(19)	23
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	653	473	1,126	(19)	23
Balance at the end of the period	2,666	2,434	26,903	(661)	31,342	121	53
	†	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated	Subscription rights to shares	Non-controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of the period	(1,510)	adjustment 31	92	1	28	0	29,022
Cumulative effects of changes in	(1,310)	31	92	(1,210)	20	0	29,022
accounting policies							6
Restated balance	(1,510)	31	92	(1,216)	28	0	29,029
Changes of items during the period							
Cash dividends							(827)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							2,284
Purchase of treasury stock							(609)
Disposal of treasury stock							278
Cancellation of treasury shares							-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	-	14	(57)	(39)	(28)	1,979	1,911
Total changes of items during the	_	14	(57)	(39)	(28)	1,979	3,037
period Balance at the end of the period	(1,510)	45	` ′		(20)	1,979	32,066
	(1,510)	-13	33	(1,233)		1,575	32,000
2022							housand U.S. dollars
			Shareholders' equity			Accumulated other	
				_	Total shareholders'	Valuation difference	Deferred gains or
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	equity	on available-for-sale securities	losses on hedges
Balance at beginning of the period	21,786	19,891	214,427	(9,267)	246,837	1,150	242
Cumulative effects of changes in			51		51		
accounting policies Restated balance	21,786	19,891	214,479		246,889	1,150	242
Changes of items during the period	21,760	19,091	214,479	(9,207)	240,009	1,130	242
Cash dividends	+		(6,760)				
Profit attributable to owners of	+		(0,700)		(6.760)		
parent			10.000		(6,760)		
			18,666		(6,760) 18,666		
Purchase of treasury stock			18,666	(4,981)			
Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock			18,666		18,666		
				(4,981)	18,666 (4,981)		
Disposal of treasury stock			(19)	(4,981) 2,295	18,666 (4,981)	(161)	191
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the			(19)	(4,981) 2,295 6,550	18,666 (4,981)	(161)	191
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period	21.796	- 10.901	(19) (6,550) 5,335	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864	18,666 (4,981) 2,276	(161)	191
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the	21,786	19,891	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276		
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period		Accumulated other o	(19) (6,550) 5,335	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090	(161) 988	191 434
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276	(161)	191
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period .	Revaluation reserve for land	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests	191 434 Total net assets
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Balance at beginning of the period	Revaluation reserve	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090	(161) 988 Non-controlling	191 434 Total net assets 237,134
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period	Revaluation reserve for land	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests	191 434 Total net assets
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Balance at beginning of the period Cumulative effects of changes in	Revaluation reserve for land	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests	191 434 Total net assets 237,134
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Balance at beginning of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Balance at beginning of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cash dividends Profit attributable to owners of parent	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cash dividends Profit attributable to owners of parent Purchase of treasury stock	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666 (4,981)
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Profit attributable to owners of parent Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other of Foreign currency translation adjustment	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cash dividends Profit attributable to owners of parent Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other c Foreign currency translation adjustment 254	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans 758	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938) (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares 234	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666 (4,981) 2,276
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cash dividends Profit attributable to owners of parent Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other c Foreign currency translation adjustment 254 254	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 comprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans 758 758	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938) (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares 234 234	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0 0 16,177	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666 (4,981) 2,276 - 15,619
Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity Total changes of items during the period Balance at the end of the period Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies Restated balance Changes of items during the period Cash dividends Profit attributable to owners of parent Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock Cancellation of treasury shares Net changes of items other than	Revaluation reserve for land (12,344)	Accumulated other c Foreign currency translation adjustment 254	(19) (6,550) 5,335 219,814 omprehensive income Remeasurements of defined benefit plans 758 758 (469)	(4,981) 2,295 6,550 3,864 (5,403) Total accumulated other comprehensive income (9,938) (9,938) (9,938)	18,666 (4,981) 2,276 9,200 256,090 Subscription rights to shares 234	(161) 988 Non-controlling interests 0	191 434 Total net assets 237,134 51 237,185 (6,760) 18,666 (4,981) 2,276

■ Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows		(Million yen) (Thousand U.S. dollars)
	2021	2022	2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Income before income taxes	2,633	3,672	
Depreciation	897	1,091	8,919
Impairment losses	821	_	_
Amortization of goodwill	245	315	2,577
Share-based compensation expenses	12	45	371
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	_	(0)	(7)
Loss on termination of performance-linked	_	120	981
stock-based compensation plan		120	501
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(5)	(0)	(5)
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(20)	64	529
Increase (decrease) in provision for stocks payment	23	(61)	(499)
Decrease (increase) in retirement benefit asset	_	(90)	(738)
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability	(303)	(79)	
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement			
benefits for directors (and other officers)	(30)	(508)	(4,155)
Interest and dividends income	(5)	(10)	(86)
Interest expenses	6	15	
Loss (gain) on sale of investment securities	-	(1)	(10)
Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities	_	9	
Loss (gain) on sales of non-current assets	(1)	0	4
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	2	10	83
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable – trade	708	(1,227)	(10,029)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	185	(2,031)	(16,594)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable – trade	235	1,287	
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption	(109)	(197)	(1,617)
taxes			
Other	138	(51)	` ` `
Sub-total	5,437	2,372	
Interest and dividends income received	5	10	
Interest expenses paid	(6)	(15)	
Income taxes paid	(1,239)	(1,139)	
Cash flows from operating activities	4,196	1,227	10,028
Cash flows from investing activities	(4.000)	(4.566)	(42.004)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	(1,080) -	(1,566) 5,372	
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in	(1,153)	(6,219)	(50,816)
change in scope of consolidation		4.0	
Other	(29)	(2.272)	
Cash flows from investing activities	(2,264)	(2,373)	(19,391)
Cash flows from financing activities Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans			
	2,500	1,500	12,255
payable Proceeds from long-term borrowings	_	300	2,451
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(171)	(294)	
Purchase of treasury stock	(401)	(611)	
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	(401)	(011)	
Cash dividends paid	(792)		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(792)	(827)	
Other	(74)	(2) (86)	(22) (703)
_	()		
Cash flows from financing activities	1,060	(22)	(184)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	20	15	126
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,012	(1,153)	(9,421)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,305	11,317	92,472
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	11,317	10,164	83,050

^{*} All financial information presented in Japanese yen has been rounded down to the nearest million.

The translations of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan and have been made at the rate of exchange at March 31, 2022. U.S. dollar amounts are rounded down to the nearest thousand.

Editor's Note

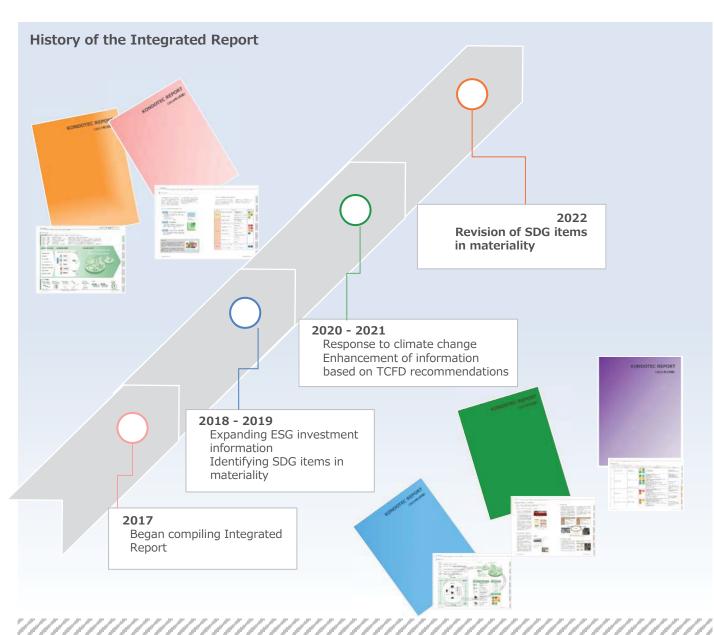
Thank you very much for reading the "KONDOTEC REPORT".

This edition marks the publication of our sixth Integrated Report. In January 2021, we established the SDGs Promotion Department to review initiatives contributing to the SDGs for the realization of a sustainable society. In this year's Integrated Report, we conducted close review of our business activities and revisions of relevant SDG items in materiality.

With each passing year, there are more opportunities to hear about sustainability and the SDGs. The realization of a sustainable society is indispensable to a business' continued growth. We recognize the importance of Integrated Reports that serve a critical role as a tool that promotes understanding of a company's initiatives. Given this fact, we have conducted repeated reviews in compiling this Integrated Report such that it describes not only the history and businesses of KONDOTEC but also our growth strategy and how we address ESG issues, including those related to climate change, to convey our growth potential. Moreover, the project team in charge of this report consists of employees from across multiple departments without the involvement of any external organization. We hope that by expressing the corporate value of our Company in a way only our employees can, we can provide our stakeholder with a better understanding of KONDOTEC.

Looking ahead, we will continue to conduct our corporate activities in pursuit of our SDG targets, and to realize a sustainable society, and aim to prepare an Integrated Report that conveys our sustainable growth in a way that is understood by all.

Senior Executive Director and General Manager of Management Headquarters
Hiroyuki Yada



TOPICS

Official social media accounts

KONDTEC opened a new official Instagram and Facebook accounts. Please follow us to get to know us better and for information and updates on our products and merchandise.



- Official Instagram URL ► https://www.instagram.com/kondotec_official/
- · Official Facebook URL ▶ https://www.facebook.com/kondotec.official/

TOPICS

Please support the KONDOTEC Track & Field Club!

The KONDOTEC Track & Field Club established in 2016, currently has four members. Your continued support is greatly appreciated.

Athlete employees (From left)

Name	Competition category	Personal best
Sara Fujimoto	Hammer Throw	61m75
Mika Yamamoto	Discus Throw	50m51
Kiho Kuze	Javelin Throw	58m98
Yuki Noshi	Pole Vault	3m90



Pictures of the competitions



Fujimoto



Kuze



Yamamoto



Noshi

The track & field club's activities and blogs by athletes URL ▶ https://www.kondotec.co.jp/corporate/track.html

Notes on forward-looking statements

This document contains forward-looking statements including operating forecasts and business plans.

Future operating performance projections that the Company releases are based on data available at the time of making the release. Actual results may differ considerably from projections due to various factors and changes.

Detailed information on financial results

For details of financial results for the year ended March 31, 2022, please refer to the Annual Securities Report.

URL: https://www.kondotec.co.jp/ir/library/asset_securities.html

Reporting coverage period

Reporting period
 April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2022
 (Activities in April 2022 and thereafter are included in part.)

- Reporting organization
 KONDOTEC INC. and its group companies
- Accounting standard Japanese GAAP



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